First. | COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE. | Pages 1-4.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1893. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

...'S HONOR.

...w York Republi-
...lub

BY DEPEW.

...d and Democratic
...ment That Must
...ol Party. The
...onor Roll.

...Republican Jub-
...versary dinner
...which the or-
...memoration of
...of excellence
...20 men dis-
...works of life
...the occasion
...the country, each
...representing
...national politics.
...a brilliant one.
...Smith, presided.
...he said that
...November was but
...Great Britain and
...would be blotted
...Republican victory
...party into power
...to respond to
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...enthusiasm. Colonel
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...was followed by
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...followed by Dr.
...who spoke to
...Party." He said:
...perennial pleasure
...club at its an-
...day of Abraham
...for his patriot-
...which have
...the saviours of
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"Lincoln ...
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tion of their country.

"The Rep...
she had done ...
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what it had done ...
the republic ...

The last speaker was ...
Wolcott of ...
Lost, "Our Dep...
The letters of ...

The Hawaiian Situation.

Washington, Feb. ... informally ... stones and ... representatives of the ... Minister this afternoon.

There was a ... to Hawaiian affairs ... stones were ... of the state department ... tory. Commissioner Mar... wards. "We are ... official recognition ... is what we have ... since our arrival."

The Hawaiian ... the distinct advantage ... recognition to-day by ... gives them a duplicate ... in their new capital ... on Secretary Foster ... this afternoon. They ... menced about 4 ... hour and a half. The ... ing his cordial reception ... ers this afternoon, that ... that the negotiations which ... ject of their mission, ... the secretary of state. ... accordingly repaired to ... at the close of the ordinary ... business and laid before ... detail the practical proposi... authorized to submit. ... made as to arriving at ... of the exigencies of the ... inite conclusion was reached ... Foreign was adjourned ... commissioners are ... jections urged against ... islands.

Speaking in behalf of ... sioners Mr. Thurston, to-day ... obstacles of the ... legislature of recent years ... ably of 1887 has contained ... tive members. The natives ... responsible for the introduction ... of China into the island ... ised every effort that has been made by the reform party to restrict the ... of that class. They have no ... for the presence of the coolies in Hawaii ... cept themselves.

On the matter of leprosy he had also ... to say: "If it was not for the constant struggle maintained by the whites, the ... afflicted with that loathsome disease to be transported to the leper settlement, the natives in the legislature would speedily repeal ... that insufficient measure, thereby throwing down all bars against its spread over the entire country."

Since the appearance of the first authentic ... there have been probably ... of leprosy on the islands, at present there are probably ... in the leper settlement. Of these the percentage of whites is almost ... usual.

New Waterworks for Hamburg.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Herman ... a member of the great ... firm of Schaub & Co., reached the city to-day on a business trip, and is stopping at the Auditorium.

"We believe that all danger of an outbreak of cholera at Hamburg this year is ..., and do not expect a recurrence of the epidemic in the near future," he said. "Every precaution that medical skill could suggest has been taken, and should the disease make its appearance we shall be in a strong position to fight it. Prominent among the improvements is the opening of the new waterworks, which will occur April 1. The new works have been under construction for a considerable time, and were not expected to be ready for nearly a year, but on account of the cholera the work was ... Hamburg is full of canals, which empty into the river Elbe, and these canals receive the outflow of sewers from ... They are as a rule very ... During an intensely hot spell last year the canals dried up and the city was ... with noxious odors from the filthy channels. The loss of trade occasioned by the cholera was ... that $5,000,000, and ... do not want a repetition ... Contaminated water is supposed to have been the principal cause of the spread of the disease. Every precaution has been taken in the city to prevent a return of the ... Tons of disinfectants are stored ready for use and the great barracks that were used last year for patients are kept ready for immediate occupancy. Then the ... become personally interested in the matter to help the police and the health ...

THINGS THERE WILL BE CHOLERA

Berlin, Feb. 11.—Dr. Kuhn, a health officer of the United States ... just arrived from a tour of ... Hamburg, Bremen, Cassel and ... said that he was convinced that the ... year would witness a fierce outbreak ... all over the continent, ... of being sporadic, as in 1892, the ... sweep the whole of Europe.

A Wreck on the Santa Fe.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 11.—The ... section of passenger train No. ... on the Santa Fe, leaving Chicago at ... and due in Kansas City at ... was wrecked this morning at Barry, Mo. The train went through a trestle near the station and the first two coaches were ... through the woodwork and to the ground a distance of forty or fifty feet. The third coach, which was a sleeper, ... end on the trestle work in a certain position. There were five passengers in the ... who were thrown to the forward end of the car, but were saved from ... and death by the heavy ... passenger on the entire train ... none were seriously injured. The ... be blockaded for at least ...

52ND CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The house ... to-day was not without ... was without result. The attempt of the Democrats to limit the ... for the pension appropriation ... signed by the Republicans and the ... nority came out victorious. The ... that without the ... the house adjourned.

SENATE.

The bill to promote the safety of employes and travelers on railroads by compelling the railroad companies to equip their cars with automatic couplers and continuous brakes and their locomotives with driving wheel brakes, ... favorably reported from the senate to-day. The substitute for the house bill of last ... was passed to and the bill passed ..., 38, nays 10. The only other important act of legislation done was the ... of the Nicaragua canal bill ...

THE GOLD RESERVE.

...not realized, as the loss to the ... was found to be only a little ... to the talk ... the short sell ... demands of ... effort to ... early in the day ... from the ... of the ... this bill ... Cleveland ... Foreign ...

CABLE LETTER.

Items of Current Interest From Foreign Capitals.

... Paris ... of the ... pretty much as ... Panama investigation, ... has been paved for ... The one subject of ... has been ... Deputy Delahaye made his ... Panama conspiracy in ... or when the direc... and Eiffel were arrested ... in the streets and cafes and ... as on the afternoon ... were announced. At ... Paris was in the streets. The ... Liberte, and some six ... special editions, ag... copies, of the newspapers ... supply the demand. The de... crowds of men ... from the moment they left the ... Many lost their bundles ... to transfer them to the newspaper ... the wrappers were torn off and de... interference of the police, the "spe... were sold most ... the crowds. ... the booths in the ... of the Palais Bourbon almost ... Panama.

The popular opinion was heard from the ... in the street at the time that the sentences were ... and that the evidence given ... before the court of appeals would have war... more other. The rumor as to the ... of sentencing Ferdinand De Lesseps ... was raised the next day by the press, part of which would have attacked any decision so ... as to weaken the government, especially the ... minister of justice. The rest of the press, so ... with its denunciations, has advocated ... for weeks a policy of suppression of all ... further investigation, as the editors have ... been already too much compromised for ... their profit or conscience, and by continued ... probing would be shown in a still more un... light.

As far as Eiffel, Charles de Lesseps and ... are concerned most Parisians are ... anxious to see them behind lock and key. ... for Ferdinand de Lesseps, whose reputation ... was forced upon the judges by ... his participation in the same fraudulent transactions with the others, it is generally understood that he will never go to prison. Should he ... he would be pardoned. In legal circles especially the sentences are pronounced to be unexceptionable.

The decision dwelt at special length upon the fact that the Credit Mobilier syndicate, for undertaking a slight risk, received almost 2,000,000 francs, while subsequent syndicates, which undertook no risks at all, received much heavier compensation. These transactions, merely according to the internal evidence, were so incongruous as to prove fraud of which all the directors, including Ferdinand de Lesseps, must have been cognizant. On this one point, according to the decision, every director would have been liable, without a word of the abundant oral testimony given in corroboration to the penalty determined by the court.

In the British parliamentary debates of the last few days Mr. Balfour has again demonstrated his inability to lead when out of office. His personal attack upon Mr. Gladstone last night reacted upon him and his party by causing such a hostile demonstration as the house has not witnessed for six years. Probably never before in his parliamentary career had Mr. Gladstone better evidence of the reverence and affection with which the Liberals regard him. The repeated cheers with which his reproof of Mr. Balfour was greeted while the Unionists hardly ventured an opposition shout showed plainly that, however wide the differences of the members as to the home rule question, the vast majority regard England's veteran statesman with reverence in many cases bordering on hero worship.

The Russian scandal bids fair to surpass the Lonzerille scandal in Germany and to occupy with it second place just below the Panama scandal of France and the bank scandal of Italy. Two hundred thousand small caliber rifles of the new pattern have been found to be practically useless, and the investigation is still unfinished. Materials provided at government expense have been sold by military officials who substituted inferior materials and pocketed the difference. The machinery in the small arms factory near Riga was reported inadequate to its work by similar dishonesty on the part of officers who superintended its equipment. The total loss of the government will not fall far short of a million pounds.

Anarchists Convicted.

Pittsburg, Feb. 11.—Henry Bauer and Carl Nold, the anarchists charged with being accessories before the fact to the attempted assassination of H. C. Frick, chairman of the Carnegie Steel Co., Limited, were found guilty as indicted. The jury reached a verdict last night but court had adjourned and it was read at the opening of court this morning. When the verdict was announced, Bauer frowned while Nold turned pale. The extreme penalty for the crime is seven years in the penitentiary. Two years more will be added for conspiracy, of which they were also found guilty on Thursday.

From Words to Blows.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 11.—The senatorial fight was not so easily settled to-day as was expected. A. L. New withdrew in favor of Clapp, but the Baxter men refused to be whipped into line. Beck's followers are also standing out. The joint ballot to-day resulted as follows: Judge Robinson, (Rep.) 22; Thompson, (Dem.) 12; Baxter, 5; Osborn, 1; Beck, 1; Brown, 1.

There is much bad blood among the Democrats and last night two prominent men of the party, Baker of Converse and Harper of Crook, had a personal encounter at the Inter-Ocean hotel, which resulted in a knockdown, Baker striking Harper.

Rufus Hatch Dying.

New York, Feb. 11.—Rufus Hatch ... reported to be worse to-day. He is dying at his home in Spuyten Duyvil.

W... Ind.

Washington, Feb. 11.—For Colorado: Generally fair; warmer; ... by winds.

OUR LEGISLATORS.

A General Review of the Works Proceedings.

TRADES ASSEMBLY INFLUENCE

Bills Which They Favor. Religious Discussions. The El Paso Contest. A Visit from the New Mexicans. House Proceedings.

... Hayes ... Bill ... Senate ... Senator ... Senator ... Senator ... Senate ... Senator ... Senator ... Senate ... Senator ... Senate ... Senator ... Senate

THE GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DAILY—IN ADVANCE

[illegible]

WEEKLY IN ADVANCE.

Per annum $2 [illegible] | Six months 75
Three months 50

ADVERTISING

Rates made known on application at the office

JOB WORK

Facilities for plain and fancy job printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river

All persons having a transient contract for paper and desiring them discontinued will make it a matter at the business office where they will be properly attended to. We can hold ourselves responsible for advertisements only continuing by express direction ordered.

No paper will be sent to any address until paid for, and all arrears must be paid before discontinuance.

All advertisements intended for WEEKLY GAZETTE must be in before Saturday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully informed that we will not be responsible for any contracts made by them.

W. A. H. LAFFERTY, Editor. H. A. RISLEY, Manager.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN: THE MAN AND HIS WORK

The growth of Lincoln's fame has been like the growth of his power and influence while he lived: slow but sure and enduring. It was not until after his debate with Douglas that even his name became generally known throughout the United States; it was not until after his nomination for the Presidency that even the leaders of the Republican party began to realize what manner of man he was. Now although the shock of his death threw the whole country into mourning and every one recognized that a great man had passed away, it is only within the past few years that the American people have really come to appreciate the moral and intellectual stature of this greatest of representative Americans.

Mr Lincoln had learned the secret of mastery over men long before he became famous. He had learned it as Washington did, and as few other men have ever learned it, by attaining the mastery over himself. Of a strong and passionate nature, with tendencies toward mysticism which in a weaker man might have developed into insanity, he had somehow, in those early years of unceasing bodily toil and mental study, and of long brooding and thought, acquired a power of self control that was absolutely indispensable in the great work to which he was afterward called. It was his keen sense of humor, more than anything else, that kept his mind sane and healthy and brushed away the mists which might otherwise have obscured his mental vision. It was this, too, more than any other faculty, which enabled him to bear the tremendous strain of anxiety and disappointment and hope deferred to which he was subjected for two long years after he became President.

There has never been in history a closer parallel of the Providential meeting of the Hour and the Man than when Lincoln was chosen President on the eve of our great national conflict. Other men of that time were able, brilliant, learned, strong, aggressive, patriotic, but above all things there was needed a wise man—a man who knew how to adapt means to ends, how to guide public sentiment and wait for it, how to strike quickly and boldly at the right time but not before, how to take account not merely of military movements and political powers, but also of the great moral forces that moved the hearts of the people. Such a man was found in Lincoln, and from all we can know at the present time such a man could have been found in him alone.

And so it comes that as the years go by, and as more and more of the inner history of the war time comes to light as the period recedes far enough for us to get the perspective and see things in their true relations to one another the fame of Lincoln grows brighter, and our appreciation deepens of his absolute devotion, of his practical wisdom, of his almost preternatural foresight of his marvellously accurate judgment of men, of his deep rooted trust in an overruling Providence, of his equally deep rooted love for and belief in the "common people."

Such men are not fully appreciated in their own time they cannot be, they are too great, a complete view of them can not be had from so close a point of view. Washington was not so fully known to the men of his own day as he is to us; the contemporaries of Julius Cæsar recognized his military genius and his ambition but they appreciated very little the far reaching statesmanship which remodelled the Roman state on lines that lasted for centuries. In Lincoln's time many men of refinement were disgusted by his coarseness, by the flavor of the soil that was in him, many men of action were impatient with what they thought his slowness, many men of caution and prudence were aghast at his boldness. They saw only a part of him; they could not realize his completeness.

Lincoln's career is a standing example to American youth—a mighty magnet that draws upward young men of ambition and talent. We may smile at the school-director who repeats to the boys under his charge the stock phrase that among them may be found a future President but there is after all some thing inspiring in the idea. It all depends upon the boy himself and if he realizes that and has the right stuff in him he will climb the ladder to some worthy sort of success. And such incentives do have influence among Americans do not realize how much. We are so used to democratic institutions that we do not stop to think what boundless opportunities our country affords to struggling youth and how different is the outlook here from what it is in any European country for the poor man's son. When we do stop to think we can see that the great majority of the men in places of power and influence in both political and commercial life in this country had been at some time in their lives struggling youths without a fair start or a good chance, but with energy and integrity. What Lincoln's life may mean to the youth of this country as an inspiration it may be the highest endeavor and attentious prayers cannot tell; no one can measure.

In nothing did the great President show his character more plainly than in his speech. Colloquial, sometimes apparently coarse in familiar intercourse with the roughest of men he rose to meet it. His letters, his speech, his messages, his inaugural addresses were all models of terse and simple English. The summit of his style was reached in that immortal speech at Gettysburg, which will last as long as American history, and which in printed words still strikes an answering thrill in the heart of every American who reads them. Standing on that decisive battlefield, fifteen months after the great conflict that there was waged, the President spoke the few fitting words that can never die.

Four score and seven years ago our fathers brought forth on this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on the great battlefield of that war. We have come to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting place for those who here gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But in a larger sense we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here have consecrated it far above our poor power to add or detract. The world will little note nor long remember what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here. It is for us the living rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they who fought here have thus far so nobly advanced. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us—that from these honored dead we may take increased devotion to that cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion—that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain—that this nation under God shall have a new birth of freedom—and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

A GOOD BUSINESS INVESTMENT

In another column to day we publish an open letter to the people of this city written by the able and energetic Secretary of our Chamber of Commerce Mr Buckman and to this letter we wish to call the particular attention of every resident of Colorado Springs.

The work of the Chamber of Commerce has been carried on, wisely and efficiently for about eighteen months without asking anybody for financial help. Now more funds are needed and Mr Buckman tells how in this instance he gives twice who gives quickly. A new edition of the Colorado Springs book is urgently needed and its sale can be made to repay the money necessary to print it, and leave some profit. The money invested in the new edition would therefore be available twice over, once in issuing the book itself, and again when it comes back from the sale of the book.

Even if there were to be no actual return in cash from the sale of the book the publication of a new edition would be a good business investment for every man who owns property or sells goods here in this city. As things actually stand, the plan promises to give a doubly large return. Every business man and every property owner should come forward promptly with his subscription and Mr Barnett's committee should have no trouble in raising the necessary $3,000 within a fortnight.

There are special reasons why the city should do something this year in the way of advertising if even the ordinary amount of tourist travel is to be brought here. Chicago will be the travellers' Mecca this year and some effort must be put forth to obtain our share of the summer tourists. That this can be obtained, with the proper effort and at a comparatively small expenditure of cash, we do not doubt. In fact, the general exodus to the World's Fair may be turned into a blessing instead of a detriment to our city.

The efforts of our Chamber of Commerce during the past year and a half have been intelligently directed, and the money used has been wisely expended. The character of its work is a guarantee that future sums will be expended as wisely and probably with even greater effect. Now let all hands turn in and help. Give a hundred dollars if you can give one dollar if you can do no more. It will be a good investment.

A NATIONAL QUARANTINE IN SIGHT

It may turn out to have been a fortunate thing for the country that the Senate and the House of Representatives at Washington passed each a separate measure for the amendment of our present quarantine laws. The difference has enabled a further presentation of the subject to be made in the public press and has enabled such bodies as the Academy of Medicine of New York City to present their views as to the requirements of the present time. There is now some reason to hope that before the session ends the two houses may agree on a really national quarantine, not a measure that shall simply authorize the national government to supplement the regulations of the several States.

There are so many cogent reasons for placing the entire control of quarantine in the hands of the national government that it is impossible even to enumerate them here. The uniformity of regulation which a national control would ensure is one of the strong reasons. The doing away with such local nuisances as Dr Linkenheim's Health Officer of the port of New York is another good reason. Still further is the training of skill and the experience that can be brought to bear only by placing in charge of the quarantine station the physicians of the Marine Hospital.

Another reason for nationalizing the quarantine service is found in the local jealousies of seaboard cities and their often times hasty action in quarantining against each other. On this point a recent issue of The Manufacturer expresses pertinent remarks:

> It was this feeling of rivalry among seaboard cities that led to the passage of the Charleston quarantine against New York. Though the facts were greatly distorted at that time there was enough of the slightest reason for the action of Charleston in quarantining against New York. If local quarantine systems are to prevail and land shipments be made each of these competing seaboard cities like Galveston and New Orleans will be tempted to follow slightly deviating the example set by Charleston in the hope of getting the trade thus driven from here.
>
> It would be possible to have half a dozen seaboard cities establishing a quarantine against New York while not the slightest danger existed. Now is the time for congress to settle the quarantine matter definitely and satisfactorily for all time, and the

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

way to do it is by placing the whole country under a national system.

From some occult reason Immanuel through his mouthpiece Mr Burke Cockran has announced his willingness to have a national quarantine established. Nothing now stands in the way of a good law but lack of time, and considering the tremendous issues at stake we may hope that even our Congress will refrain to stop doing nothing long enough to pass a bill of such vital importance to all Americans.

There has never been any real question of the title to seats in the legislature of the present representatives from El Paso county. It is nevertheless a satisfaction that the contests for their seats have been finally decided in their favor. They have been doing useful work in the legislature all three of them and the county is well represented through their agency.

Railroad Legislation

No section of Colorado is suffering for railroad legislation at this time and indeed no demands for restrictive laws are being made in any quarter. The managements of the several lines operating in this state have in late years shown a commendable interest in the upbuilding of its varied interests and made reasonable concessions to every infant industry struggling for a foothold against the strong and aggressive competition of eastern rivals. Under this liberal policy adopted by the railroads several years ago the smelting industry has grown and prospered in different sections of the state, paper and cotton mills, and soap and starch manufactories, and various other productive industries, have been successfully established in Denver, steel manufacturing upon a large scale has been fostered and encouraged at Pueblo, while in the interior every inducement has been given to those who have wished to develop the vast riches of the commonwealth in stone, marble, lime rock, sand and clay. The almost phenomenal achievements of the past few years in all these fields of industry mark the liberality as well as far seeing wisdom of local railway management, concurrently with the untiring energy and enterprise of our people. There have been times in the history of Colorado when state control of the railways seemed almost a necessity, and when this journal urged it strenuously, but it recognizes the existence of no such reasons at this time. More capital is needed for the construction of additional lines of railway and this cannot be easily secured in the face of threats of adverse legislation. It is regarded as fortunate for Colorado and its best interests that no insane cry is now heard in any quarter.—Leadville Herald Democrat.

Republican Women.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster of Iowa, president of the Woman's Republican association which is pursuing the work of education in home circles and by organization of clubs, has engraved visiting cards, on the back of which is printed the following declaration:

> The Republican party is the party of action, its birth is progress, its speech is the language of the world, its product the rhetoric of the home and the shop, its shibboleths are not to be written on the white walls of any church. It holds within its ranks the armies of all reforms. It studies political conditions, weighs popular sentiment and seizes the earliest hour to crystallize that sentiment into wise legislation.
>
> Its heroic constituencies are the thinking, moving, vital elements of American life.
>
> Is it any wonder that women support such a party?

Upon this platform Mrs. Foster and her 10,000 associates in different parts of the country intend to conduct a vigorous campaign during the next four years.—Cor New York Press.

Carlisle's Pleading

Mr Carlisle is a mighty pleader before any bar. Kentucky judges look upon his appearance before them as a star attraction instead of a part of a wearisome routine of duty and Kentucky literature has been enriched by many stories of the senator's legal career.

On one occasion Mr Carlisle had an important case that the other side was sure of winning. Mr Carlisle laboured faithfully on his arguments and produced a speech that thrilled all auditors and deeply impressed the bench. The moment he had concluded the judge ordered court adjourned till afternoon. The opposing counsel objected strenuously, pleading that it was nowhere near the dinner hour and that he was ready and anxious to proceed. But the judge was not to be moved.

"What said he, spoil the taste of such an argument as that? Never, sir. I mean to enjoy a good thing when I have a chance to. The court will adjourn."—Mrs M. Clark in Kate Field's Washington.

An Old Line Whig

"I go to Jackson," said Senator Washburn of Minnesota to-day, "is not an old state rights Democrat as has been reported. He comes of old Whig stock and I have no doubt that on all political questions he will vote with the Republicans. He was a Union man during the war, which proves conclusively that he never was a believer in the state rights doctrine. Judge Jackson is a man of great ability and his appointment is a most excellent one. Republicans who are criticising President Harrison for not appointing a member of his own party are too hasty. I think if any Republican Mr Harrison could have nominated would have been confirmed. There is no limit to debate in the senate, you know, and the Democrats could easily prevent a vote upon any nomination between now and the 4th of March."—Cor New York Press.

STATE NEWS

Snow is reported to be forty feet deep in several places on the Rio Grande Southern.

The legislature spent last Saturday at Colorado Springs inspecting the deaf and dumb institute. That institution asks for an appropriation of $40,000 this year to make needed improvements and still get all the aid it is really needed. There is not an institution in the state which appeals more directly to the hearts and sympathies of the people as that which provides for the care and education of those classes of unfortunates.

Cripple Creek is growing heavy on account of the snow which has seriously impeded traffic upon the railroads. Last Friday at Aspen the line of creating vehicles at the depots was great. The stage lines could not manage to get out for anything approaching the week was [illegible] of which [illegible] were received by the Rio Grande. It would seem that even an avalanche cannot choke Aspen as a producer and shipper of silver and lead.—Aspen Leader.

For a long time the writer this fall of the Beautiful has been very emphatic about the far reaching effect of the western storm. From five to nine feet has fallen in the mountains while Wednesday night and Thursday the storm which prevailed was so severe and considerable snow was added to that already on the ground. Relying upon the mountains for an abundance of water in the spring we certainly have every prospect for a prosperous farming season.—Montrose Press.

The Denver and Rio Grande will build a new depot at this point within the next six months. The structure will cost $20,000. President Jeffery of the chamber of commerce in receipt of a letter from President Jeffery of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway company which contains the information that the Rio Grande company will expend from $30,000 to $35,000 in Glenwood within the next six months erecting a new depot and making other improvements of their property at this point.—Glenwood Avalanche.

AN OPEN LETTER

To the Citizens of Colorado Springs, Colorado:

Colorado Springs, Colo., February 11, 1893.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

It is acknowledged on all hands that the Chamber of Commerce since its organization in July 1891 has done, in addition to its other labors, a very large amount of advertising. It seems likewise to be the general opinion of citizens that this advertising has in the main been wisely and effectively done and that beneficial results have been and are at the present time plainly apparent. It may surprise many and should astonish all to learn that this work extending as it has over a period of eighteen months has been accomplished upon a subscription of $3,000 of which up to the present time but about $3,200 have been paid.

The above does not of course include the expenditure for the illustrated book entitled "Colorado Springs and its Famous Scenic Environs." The cost of the first edition of this work, comprising 2,500 copies, was in round numbers $3,000. The principal object being to give this book the widest possible distribution its price was put at the lowest figure which could be expected ultimately to return its cost. The cash proceeds from this first edition exceed $1,900 leaving a deficit of about $1,100 which about represents the cost of the plates from which its 122 illustrations were printed. This very gratifying result has been secured in spite of the fact that almost 200 copies were given a gratuitous distribution. The greater part of those went to newspapers and periodicals from which, as is well known, a series of reviews has thereby been obtained which while most flattering to the book, have given to Colorado Springs and the Pike's Peak region a large amount of advertising of a character altogether unpurchasable, the equivalent of which in mere advertising space, it is safe to say could not have been bought for $5,000.

It goes without saying that a second edition must be gotten out. Almost the entire edition was sold here in Colorado Springs and the sales have now ceased simply because the supply is exhausted. The demand created the country over and indeed in England as well—is only now beginning to be felt, and we are in the unfortunate position of being unable to fill the orders. This second edition should not consist of less than 5,000 copies and I am confident from the experience thus far gained that in six months after such an edition has been put upon the market not a single copy will remain unsold. And I am in position to give this further assurance that when this proposed second edition has been disposed of it will not only have paid for itself but will have returned the deficit occasioned by the first edition, so that the publication will not have cost the city or the chamber of commerce or anyone except the undersigned a single penny. Cheaper not to say better advertising could scarcely be asked for.

It is evident to all who have looked into the matter that some money must be spent for advertising during the spring and early summer if our tourist travel of the coming season is to be up to the average. The World's Fair will constitute a rival attraction of stupendous proportions. Plans have been matured which if funds are forthcoming to carry them out, will it is believed insure to our city a prosperous tourist season. These plans it would be obviously unwise to detail here but it should be stated that in the opinion of many qualified judges, the coming tourist season will be a black one unless effort of a special character is made—and this because of the altogether exceptional conditions brought about by the World's Fair.

In view of these facts and the further one that our citizens have not for eighteen months been called upon for an advertising subscription the board of directors has appointed a committee of which Mr E. Barnett is chairman to secure $3,000 to be expended for advertising purposes during the remainder of the present year.

Aside from the urgent necessities of the case and the assurances which the past history of the Chamber of Commerce should give every citizen that the money will be wisely expended and in a way to accomplish the maximum of good there is a further fact which should be borne in mind and it is this: that every dollar now subscribed will serve a double purpose and do the work of two dollars at any other time. First it will pay for the further edition of the illustrated book and secondly it will be available for the general advertising work which it shall have come back in the form of pleasures from sales.

Our citizens are therefore respectfully urged to help the committee in the task kindly undertaken and to give this help promptly. There is no time to be lost. The work in connection with the World's Fair and the coming tourist season must be entered on at once and the order for the illustrated book issued without delay.

Respectfully,

S. CARR BUCKMAN,
Secretary Chamber of Commerce.

HUGHES & KEITH

Sanitary Supply Co.

STATE AGENTS FOR

The Mitchell Vance Co., N. Y.,

Manufacturers of

ARTISTIC

Electroliers, Gas and Combination FIXTURES.

Rich Art Metal Goods

Metal and Onyx Tables, Cabinets, Lamps and Banquet Lamps, Rich Silk Shades.

Fine Sanitary Plumbing.

Hot Water and Steam Heating.

1641-1647 CALIFORNIA ST., Denver, Colo.

For artistic Hair Dressing and Shampooing go to Miss Kate Edinger 132 Pike's Peak Ave., Ground Floor.

POPULATION OF COLORADO SPRINGS

[illegible] 10,000 [illegible] 30,000.

There is no reason why the rate of increase will not be as great as for the *past* even years. It ought to be greater. The city will then cover three times the territory it does at present.

DOES IT PAY? YOU BET!

That in seven years the value of every foot of ground in and around the city will have [illegible]. Well? that is better than 10 per cent compound interest. Any investment in Colorado Springs real estate is the equivalent of [illegible]. It has always paid good dividends.

CHOICE PROPERTIES FOR SALE IN THE NORTH END AGENCY [illegible]

North End Addition.

Have you been over the new Hagerman Street Viaduct? Can you not realize that lots on that street west of the bridge will be *business* property in a few years? They can be bought cheap now.

FRANK WHITE,
Room 20, Bank Building.

THE HASSELL-TALCOTT FOUNDRY & IRON CO.

Founders and Metal Workers

Brass and Iron Castings, Etc.

Manufacturers of Wire Fence Railings and Guards

Heavy and Light Repairing Promptly Done.

Telephone No 215

OFFICE AND BRANCH MACHINE SHOP

18-21 West Huerfano Street

WORKS: COLORADO CITY

THE WONDER OF THE AGE

LADIES' DO YOU KNOW

[illegible]

Address H. S. Foxoff, Denver, Colo.

St Julian Restaurant

Gives the best meals for a quarter in the city.

145 Colfax,

183½ Pike's Peak.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT

HORACE B. MITCHELL, P. O. Box 952, Colorado Springs. [illegible]

THE COLUMBIA

DENVER, COLO.

On 17th St., four blocks from Union Depot.

Business Center, Modern Appliances. Fitted New. First Class American Plan.

RATES $2 TO $3 PER DAY.

WM LENNOX,

COAL,

AND

Freight Transfer.

Telephone 89. 131 W. Bijou Ave.

Canon City & Anthracite COAL,

Wood and Kindling.

C. G. JOHNSON & CO.

Office [illegible] Telephone [illegible]

ATTENTION!

If you want to sell a business of any kind, if you wish to sell or exchange your business or real estate.

Or if you want cash and part in real estate.

Or if you have anything to sell or a farm to sell or trade, call upon or write

F. G. PHILLIPS

[illegible] Denver, Colo.

McMULLIN & WARREN,

U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyors.

Civil and Mining Engineers.

Office near Clarendon Hotel. Cripple Creek, Colo.

GOSHEN BROS.,

Manufacturers of

Pressed and Common Brick

Contractors in brick work, plastering and cementing. All kinds of building supplies on hand. Jobbing promptly done.

OFFICE 129 NORTH TEJON ST.

JOB DOWNIE

HAS

REAL ESTATE PROPERTY FOR SALE

Close to Business

The Oldest Contractor and Builder in the City

EYE AND EAR.

DR. CHAS. E. WALKER,

[illegible] BUILDING DENVER

Jas. J. Kilpatrick

Furniture Talk.

We are told by people in and out of town, that Furniture from Kilpatrick's needs no looking after, it's correct every time. But it's taken hard work and careful research in the furniture market to bring this stock to the top and there's plenty of room at the top. Same time we occupy it ourselves. This week our $60 Oak Chamber Suits go [illegible] Sideboards and [illegible] Ladies are raving [illegible]

1633 to 1639 California St.

DENVER, COLO.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

[illegible] January 10th, 1893.

EYE AND EAR.

DR. WILLIAM A. LEWIN,

[illegible] DENVER.

Henry LeB. Wills

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE

NOTARY PUBLIC

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS

MONEY TO LOAN

On Real Estate Security

THE INTERNATIONAL TRUST CO. OF COLORADO

HOUSES FOR RENT

Furnished.

[illegible]

Unfurnished.

[illegible]

Stores and Offices for Rent

[illegible]

Offices and stores in the new Gazette Building

Offices in Gazette Building, a suite

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS

A large stone residence on [illegible] street, fronts south, all modern conveniences, [illegible] and of rare varieties. This is sold to close an estate and [illegible] can be made.

Are also offering some of the best bargains in Colorado Springs. We have a large list of improved and unimproved [illegible] which we are pleased to show to parties desiring to buy, or who may favor us with a call.

HENRY LeB. WILLS,

Telephone 66.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Card under this head [illegible] other matter will be charged for at the rate of [illegible]

DENTISTS.

Dr. W. Fearn [illegible]

JAMES B. SEVERANCE, T. A. WYNKOOP

No. 16 North Tejon St.

Special attention given to [illegible]

PAUL GERHARDT

Contractor and Builder

Office 14 S. Nevada Ave.

COLORADO SPRINGS

WOOD KEYS

(Successor to [illegible])

Dealer in Chinese and Japanese [illegible]

All orders promptly attended to.

No. 104 E. Pikes Peak Ave.

WILL HEAR OF SOMETHING TO HIS ADVANTAGE

For Sale or Exchange

The country seat of Mr. [illegible] situated about [illegible] miles [illegible] Colorado Springs in the fertile part of the [illegible] residence is thoroughly [illegible] to comfort and convenience. The buildings are of [illegible] cloth. [illegible]

2640 Acres

[illegible] of land, roughly fenced. 100 acres in alfalfa [illegible] per annum. 150 acres [illegible] also five orchard [illegible] large amount of fine [illegible] make the place [illegible] a country seat and [illegible] property. Well situated [illegible] and improvements for a farm or a pleasure resort. Inquire of

WALTER C. FISHER,

4 N. Nevada Ave.

OAKHURST

THE COUNTRY SEAT OF C. Hamilton, Esq. and his ranch by the [illegible] offered for sale at a bargain.

Is beautifully situated [illegible] north, at the edge of the [illegible] prospect from the house [illegible] extreme. The land [illegible] of the big ditch running [illegible] ment, which will double the [illegible]

Pasturage alone pays [illegible] head of horses now.

House of eight rooms [illegible] all papered throughout [illegible] and finished in natural [illegible] tiled open fireplaces with [illegible]

Reservoir supplying [illegible] with running water [illegible] winter. Stable with [illegible] 10 box stalls. Stable, [illegible] ice houses and corrals [illegible]

Address or call upon

C. D. BENNETT, [illegible]

SINTON BROS.

Fresh Milk, Cream

Skim Milk [illegible]

Delivered daily in Colorado Springs City and Manitou. Order by [illegible]

Formerly [illegible] AMHERST COTTAGE RANCH [illegible]

SAM. S. THOMAS

TEACHER AND [illegible]

Mandolin, Guitar and [illegible]

At The Antlers [illegible]

ago when at the [illegible] for England. [illegible] to this country [illegible] was herald[illegible] at the Bijou theatre [illegible] where he produced [illegible] edy, entitled "Mrs. [illegible] Esq." The story was [illegible] the plot and story contained in the original "Fun on the Bristol." The [illegible] however was very great from many parties to see Mr. Shaw [illegible] inal part in "Fun on the Bristol." [illegible] play was therefore [illegible] weeks engagement in New York [illegible] he renewed his [illegible] unquestionable reputation.

THE CHURCHES

First English Lutheran [illegible] Kiowa and Weber streets. Rev. [illegible] Foulke, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. [illegible] 7.30 p. m. to-day. Sabbath [illegible] 9.45 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. [illegible]

The services in German are as follows: Celebration of the Holy Communion at eight a. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m. Sunday sermon at 11 a. m. to-day. Vespers and instruction at 3 p. m. Vespers and instruction at 7 p. m.

The Progressive Spiritualists [illegible] at Durkee Hall Sunday morning [illegible] o'clock and also at 7 [illegible] Mr. Kates will lecture [illegible] and Mrs. Kates in the evening. Spiritual communications will be given at the meeting.

Services will be held at M. E. church South, corner Weber and Cucharras streets, to-day at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m. The pastor, Rev. E. Evans Carrington, expected to be out but has arranged for Rev. George Needham to conduct the services.

At the First Christian Church the pastor, Rev. W. S. Priest, will preach at the usual hours to-day. Morning subject: "The Public Worship of God." Evening: "Foundations." Sunday school 9.45 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m. Sociable and strangers especially invited.

All Souls' (Unitarian) church, corner Tejon and Dale streets. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Mellen, will preach at 11 a. m. and lecture at 7:30 p. m. Subject of morning discourse, "The Story of Ruth, and Its Lessons." The evening lecture will be the second in the course entitled "Broken Lights." Subject, "The Weakness of Roman Catholicism." Sunday school at 12.15.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Enterprising Firms Who Believe in the Use of Printers' Ink.

Go to the New England Kitchen for your 6 o'clock turkey dinner to-day.

Saddles, harness, trunks, etc., will be made to your order by H. T. O'Brien.

The College Book Store is "still in the ring" with bargains in stationery, books, etc.

N. O. Johnson & Son's representative is now in the east purchasing spring goods.

The discount sale of boots and shoes at Vorhies Bros. commences Tuesday, February 15.

J. P. R. Doggett & Co. are still continuing their 30 per cent. discount sale on furniture and house furnishings.

The Wilbur Dry Goods company's special sale of 20 per cent. discount will continue until Saturday the 18th inst.

Much inquiry is being made for North End addition property, and considerable activity is soon expected in that market.

THE GAZETTE has always selected its advertisers, and therefore has no hesitancy in commending them to the public.

Holbrook & Perkins are making a discount sale of men's athletic goods. A big cut also on overcoats and winter wear.

Newspaper advertising is a modern and common way of obtaining and maintaining business. Won't you let us help you?

Read over McIntyre & Hayden's list of insurance companies if you want anything in that line. They give insurance that insures.

Wm. C. Allec in his advertisement says, "the difference between mines and real estate is that one is dirt out of sight and the other is dirt in sight."

Dicken's Pike's Peak Curiosity store, at No. 25 North Tejon street, has cut the price of novels from 25 to 15 cents, and bound books to 20 cents. Miss Moore's old stand.

Schmill & Hines have bought the grocery business of Mr. Herbert at No. [illegible] South Tejon street. They will add a meat market to the store, and run the two together.

Sherwood Aldrich takes objections to certain assertions in one of our real estate ads, and in his special adv. on the first page to-day draws some comparisons between mines and real estate.

A. Matthews will remove to Dutton's old stand, at No. 19 North Tejon street, about March 1. Commencing to-morrow, he will make a reduction of 20 per cent. on toilet ware, cut glass, bric a brac, and a great sacrifice on remnants.

When the "old reliable pioneer firm" of Giddings Bros. & Bent make a special announcement in a paper it always means something. This concern does everything on a big scale they have a big store, a big stock, big bargains and a big advertisement. A word to the wise is sufficient.

A gentleman who claims to know states that the information given yesterday that the shipment of ore from the Fannie Rawline mine ran 231 ounces to the ton was erroneous. The shipment was only fifty tons and it ran about fifty ounces.

It is positively stated that there will be no change in the board of directors of the Work Mining company before the annual meeting in April.

Resolutions of Respect.

Colorado Springs Lodge, I. O. O. F. No. 32.

Whereas, In the providence of God we have been permitted to remove from our midst our dear brother, A. R. Boggs; and

Resolved, That we desire to express our appreciation of the good work done in the lodge of our departed brother, and of his faithfulness to the principles of our beloved order.

Resolved, That we extend to the friends of our brother our heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement, and commend them to the loving care of the Savior whom he trusted.

Resolved, That our charter be draped in mourning for three months and that copies of these resolutions be—at both friends and furnished to the city papers.

O. M. LOVE,
CLAUDE HOOGE,
FRANK THOMAS,
Committee.

[illegible]

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

[illegible] Powder [illegible] Standard

Used in Millions of Homes [illegible]

[illegible]

BOULDER'S SMELTER.

Low Grade Ore Treated Successfully at Last. A Good Profit in Ore Worth Less than $20 per Ton.

[illegible] Boulder county for years [illegible] at last satisfactorily solved by Frank A. Wicot of Denver. Mr. Wicot has made a life study of the metallurgy of gold and the result of many years experience is embodied in the new smelter just completed. A mill Mr. Wicot has been at work on several tons of ore taken from the dump of the old Boulder smelter and the result was highly satisfactory to the operators, and will be hailed with delight by the owners of the works. The ore treated, which had been discarded as worthless by the old smelter, averaged $7 a ton profit by the new process. As the cost of milling is but $10 a ton by the new treatment, the enormous wealth that can be produced from the dumps of Boulder county mines, without a dollar's expenditure for mining, is great indeed, as there are thousands and thousands of tons ready to be shipped to-day from mines that have been abandoned as unprofitable. The process of handling the ores in the new smelter is familiar to all mill men, the new feature being the chemical treatment after the ore is pulverized. The chemicals destroy all the base metals, leaving free the gold and silver.

Arsenical ores are especially easy, the arsenic disappearing even before the sulphur. Zinc is the most troublesome metal to dispose of, but at a trifle more expense is as radically expurgated as all other impurities.

After many experiments in Boulder, Denver, and at the school of mines, Mr. Wicot has planned a mill, consisting of a Natod pulverizer, chemical room, four furnaces and a drying floor. Its capacity is thirty tons per day.

This Natod pulverizer, by the way, is a feature in itself. It weighs but 2600 pounds, but is solid all the way through, and simpler than a stamp mill in construction. It is particularly adapted to the reduction of low grade ores however hard or refractory, and requires but fifteen to twenty horse-power to run it. Its simplicity and efficiency is the admiration of all the mill men who have visited the works, and we predict a heavy sale of these machines in all low grade camps. It is running through three and a half tons of ore per hour of sixty mesh fineness.

The cheapest fuel only is required and the company is at present using slack from the Boulder county coal mines, which in car loads cost but little more than the few miles of freight charges.

After this mill is in good running order, others will be constructed in different mining districts, as the company that has been organized to build and operate these mills is a strong one, with a capital stock of $1,000,000.

The company have spent large sums experimenting with different machinery and the works as they stand today are ready to treat ore at a lower figure than by any other process in existence.

The building occupied by the new smelter is 75 by 56 feet, and will be enlarged in the near future to accommodate the business of the new concern.

The company includes capitalists and mining men who are thoroughly posted on mining and are principally from Colorado Springs.

L. R. Ehrich is president, C. H. White of the El Paso bank, vice president; G. H. Parsons, secretary and treasurer; E. T. Bradford, general manager, and F. G. Wicot, superintendent. Several of the company visited the works last week and are greatly pleased with their investment and anticipate great returns.

Boulder county is fortunate to have a mill that will treat ore successfully at the low cost of $10 per ton, as there are hundreds of claims located, that never have been developed, because of no profit, and when it is known that handsome returns can be realized from ore running less than $20 per ton, there will be a grand rush for the old prospects, and new prospectors will fairly swarm over our hills and gulches, and low grade gold ore can be found everywhere, and in immense quantities.—Ward Free Coinage.

LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado, for the week ending Feb. 11, 1893.

GENTLEMEN.

(One cent fee on each.)

Ale F.
All J. F.
Armor Charles
Bailey Noah D.
Barnes J. M.
Bischoff Henry
Bunker Henry
Beasely George
Bishop Oscar
Bowman J. J.
Brady M. J.
Brewer R. A.
Brewer L. O.
Carson
Cavanaugh Roy
Chandler J. C.
Cummins Jim
Diggs Arthur
Davis Jack
Lafaugh Jim
Fairchild W.
Fitz Thomas
Frith T.
Gaebhagner William
Green Rev. N. C.
Griffith Will
Hahn W. H.
Hale M. D.
Hardin Bee
Halker Geo. H.
Hall Mellor
Hicks Lee
Holbrook J. R.
Hopkins Geo.
Hart W. P.
Kelsey William
Kelin W. H.
Earl R. W.
Lawrence W. P.
Larimore J. M.
Leonard Geo. E.
Lambert N. W.
Marin John
Menter C. F.
Milone Chas. O.
Morse Charles
Murdoc A. H. T.
Mc Allent
Mc Cormick Rich.
Mc Donnell Pete
Mc Donald Robert
Nee Chas. N.
Olson Chas.
Palmer Chas. A.
Pierce Adam
Lenell H.
Rice F.
Richards B.
Richards John
Robinson F. W.
Rose J. J.
Rutledge Joe
Reed Lewis T.
Sage Homer S.
Stewart C. P.
Sullivan John
Sullivan T. F.
Stewart W. S.
Scott Howard
Stevenson D. E.
Smith L. A.
Smith M. A.
Smith J. H.
Stout Grover
Starr Philip
Smith William
Shaw Frank
Stone J. W.
Schroder L.
Taylor Z.
Tickma J. B.
Vandetheyer Harry
Wilmer Walter
Whitman Frank
Wallenhint Mate
Williams Geo. E.
Wahle R. W.
Wood F. J. A. D. R.
Wallace W.
Wanick Mr. and Mrs.

LADIES.

(One cent fee on each.)

Anderson Mrs. Col.
Buckner Mrs. Lucy
Burns Mrs. Nellie
Buster Mrs. Ann
Bauer Mrs. A. A.
Brown Mrs. Lulu
Clark Flora
Collins Mrs. J. F.
Cutland Miss Mary
Murdoc Annie
McCracker Mrs. Maud
Neagberg Mrs. Lena
Pierce Mrs. Mary
Parker Mrs. Effie
Patterson Mrs. Hattie
Reader Mrs. A. E.
Robert Mrs. Kate
Rooke Mrs. J. E.

M. W. EVERLETH

TOBACCO USERS SMELL SOMETIMES when told [illegible] from their breath [illegible] cheap cigarette [illegible] but good, tells the story. If [illegible] tobacco you want [illegible] Sweet Cuba. Sold by druggists everywhere. Write the wonderful [illegible] cure, by mail for one dollar per package or three packages for two dollars. Address THE STERLING REMEDY CO. Indiana Mutual Building, Indianapolis, Indiana.

TOP MOST INDUSTRY.

The business is growing louder in North Dakota [illegible] Fox. The Comstock Bros. Farm Implement Works are nearly completed. The factory is free of the knitting and Hosiery Mills, Wood Scouring establishments and other enterprises. With good markets for our products, abundance of raw material and [illegible] shipping facilities, manufacturers are [illegible] upon this new field of profit. Mr. W. J. Koster, Colorado Springs, Colo., is the local agent of the Dakota Association, and he will be glad to furnish all information. The home address of the Association is Box 963, Minneapolis, Minn.

Headache, Loss of Appetite, Nervousness, and Wakefulness indicate Kidney disease. Be warned in time and use Oregon Kidney Tea. It never fails to give speedy relief.

Do not be [illegible] but "get in" now and try Oregon Kidney Tea. It will cure you, and you can tell others of your sufferings of its virtue.

Constipation is cured more speedily by Oregon Kidney Tea than by any other known remedy. It is pleasant to take and its action on the bowels is very satisfactory.

Those having dull pains in the small of the back, and other nervous feeling, are caused by diseased or overtasked kidneys. Use Oregon Kidney Tea at once before the trouble becomes serious.

For sale by F. E. Robinson, Druggist.

WANTED!

Three good female cooks, good wages.

Several girls for general housework; wages $25 to $35.

Someone to take a good team in city for its feed till Spring.

A good ranch in Arkansas valley to trade for Pueblo hotel, value $8000, costs well.

If you have any property to trade, list it with me.

Clear city property, lots or improved to trade for a good Colorado City residence. 10 rooms, new, equity $1200.

When you want good help or a situation, call at our office.

W. L. DAWSON.

Telephone 213. Rooms 9 and 10 Robinson Blk. Over P. O.

WANTED

At the Woman's Exchange and Employment Bureau, all kinds of female help. Strangers in the city especially invited to call. 114 E. Kiowa St.

Bellevue Sanitarium!

Applications for admission must be made to DR. SOLLY, No. 2 N. Cascade Ave.

WANTED.

At the oldest Employment and Real Estate agencies in the city, established Nov. 1, 1887, male and female help for various kinds of labor, at [illegible] wages. There is not that is doing a first class business. FOR SALE—Furniture of hotel in Manitou, city property and ranches, at low figures and easy terms.

A. N. PRALE, Employment and Real Estate Agents, 404 South Tejon.

WANTED.

WANTED—By an experienced seamstress, sewing by the day. 1054 S. Tejon upstairs.

WANTED—A man to clerk in a grocery store and general goods when not busy. Liberal wages paid weekly, and board if [illegible]. References required. None but those who have lived here at least one year, and are acquainted with the city and familiar with the business need apply. Address P. O. Box 55, City.

WANTED—To rent by the month, furnished house containing three bedrooms, sitting room and other conveniences; good position and sunny aspect. Rent must be moderate. Apply to X Y Z, Pueblo club.

WANTED—By young man, competent stenographer, work for part of the day. Address H, Gazette office.

WANTED—Young man for night clerk at Depot Hotel.

WANTED—An experienced laundress and chambermaid; one who can furnish good references. Apply to Mrs. Arnett, 140 N. Weber street.

WANTED—Half a week's natural sulphur bath for a folding combination seat. Address P. O. Box 48, City.

WANTED—Girl to do cooking and laundry work. Mrs. Ada T. Jones, 623 N. Cascade avenue.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; references required. Apply between 12 and 2 at 626 N. Cascade Ave.

WANTED—Large, clean, white rags at this office.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Two rooms furnished for light housekeeping, S. E. front. 316 E. Boulder.

TO RENT—Rooms at 14 Willamette, to small family for housekeeping or meals obtained nearby.

TO RENT—To family of two, three large, sunny rooms furnished for housekeeping, hot and cold water, bath, on street car line, 1204 N. Tejon.

TO RENT—Four newly furnished rooms, or entire second floor, bath. 413 E. Bijou.

TO RENT—Large sunny room facing south, large closet, electric light, steam heat, use of hot and cold bath. One block from Antlers hotel. 18 W. Kiowa.

TO RENT—Desk room at No. 10 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

TO RENT—Room with board in a private family. Strictly first-class, gentleman preferred. 314 E. Kiowa.

TO RENT—To one or two gentlemen, nicely furnished front room. Gas, bath and closet. 232 N. Tejon St.

TO RENT—The building recently occupied by the High School on Bijou St. Frank White, Room 20, Bank Building.

TO RENT—Power [illegible] and sewing machines. Hurt & Willey, 31 N. Tejon st.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK STAGE AND TRANSFER LINE.

Connects with all the Midland trains at Rhyolite for Cripple Creek.

F. R. ATHERTON, Proprietor.

THE DAILY GAZETTE—Only 50c per week. Subscribe.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—Room at 14 Willamette, to small family for housekeeping or meals obtained nearby.

TO RENT—To family of two, three large, sunny rooms furnished for housekeeping, hot and cold water, bath, on street car line, 1204 N. Tejon.

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Connects with all the Midland trains at Rhyolite for Cripple Creek.

F. R. ATHERTON, Proprietor.

THE DAILY GAZETTE—Only 50c per week. Subscribe.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Pony for riding and driving; also a side-saddle. Address "Pony," this office.

FOR SALE—A fine young thoroughbred Jersey cow, and a fifteen month old thoroughbred Jersey bull. Jno. T. Voss, Box 893 City.

FOR SALE—Fine Folding Bed, very low, at 125 North Weber.

FOR SALE—Horses of all kinds, single and double harness, all styles of vehicles, lap robes and blankets. Will sell cheap. Apply at Elk Livery.

FOR SALE—Food store doing a good business. Address P. O. Box 95, City.

FOR SALE—Hayden's and Clarke's King's full geological reports and atlas. Consolidated Stationery Co.

FOR SALE—On very easy terms, one of the best business lots in the city. For particulars address, Box 830, City.

FOR SALE—Property on First and Colorado Ave., West Side, $600 less than cost. Inquire at premises or Geo. L. Campbell, First and Grand Ave.

FOR SALE—Choice corner [illegible] lot very cheap for a few days. 100x180 ft. Southwest corner Nevada and Willamette ave. Apply to A. L. Lawton, Real Estate Agent.

TO LOAN.

TO LOAN—$3000 on improved property, no commission. Apply office of J. L. Bennett & Co., between 10 and 11 a. m. 21 N. Tejon St.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Iron Springs Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the Company in Manitou, El Paso County, Colo., at 10 o'clock a. m., on Monday March 6th, 1893.

Transfer books close Feb. 18th, 1893.

Date of first publication Feb. 8th, 1893.

J. R. GLASGOW, Sec'y.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Pharmacia Mining Co., Feb. 8, 1893.

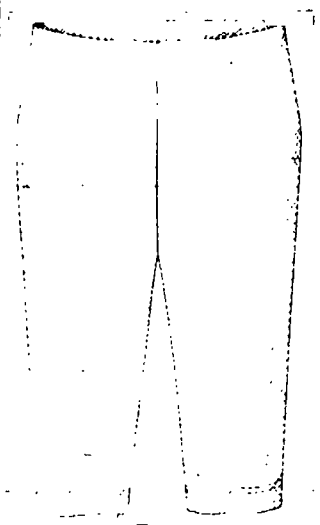
Dividend No. 4.

A dividend of [illegible] has been declared by the Board of Directors, payable Feb. 15th, 1893. Transfer books close on Feb. 13th, 1893.

J. E. MILLER, Prest.

Finest assortment of Real Shell Pens at Miss Kate Edwards', 132 Pike's Peak Ave., Ground Floor.

MEN'S ATHLETIC GOODS!



Knee Tights.

WE CARRY ALSO

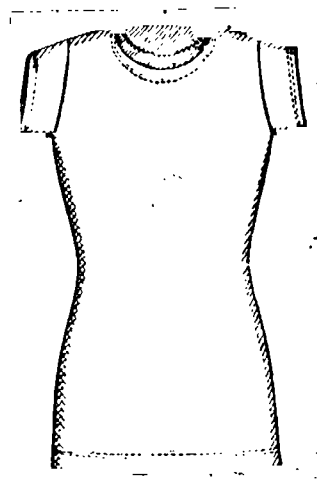
A Full Line of

MEN'S AND BOYS'

Clothing, Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes

AND



Quarter Sleeve Shirt.

Furnishing Goods.

HOLBROOK & PERKINS,

Bank Block - - - - Colorado Springs.

Cheap Book Sale!

1500 25c Paper Novels at 15c.

Bound Books for 20 Cents.

VALENTINES, AND A GENERAL LINE OF

Viewing and Souvenirs,

AT

DICKENS'S PIKE'S PEAK CURIOSITY SHOP,

25 North Tejon Street, Miss Moore's Old Stand.

WILL BE MOVED

To Dutton's Old Stand,

19 N. Tejon St.,

MARCH 1, 1893.

In Order to Reduce our Stock

WE WILL OFFER

Toilet Ware, Cut Glass, Bric-a Brac,

20 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE.

Remnants in Haviland China and other Ware

AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.

☞ Now is the time to buy anything in our line at a big reduction.

26 North Tejon Street. **A. MATTHEWS.**

GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE!

AT

J. J. O'Brien & Co.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

BELOW COST!

Must be sold by April 1st, to vacate present quarters for the Postoffice.

20 Per Cent. Off on all Merchant Tailoring Goods.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY CHEAPLY.

DISCOUNT SALE!

Beginning TUESDAY morning, February 14th, we will give 15 per cent. discount on all sales. We do this in order to

Make Room

For our immense Spring Stock, which will arrive soon. Our goods are marked in plain figures. You can figure your own discount. We have no old stock or shop-worn goods to clear out. Our prices are no reserve. EVERYTHING GOES.

VORHIES BROS.,

Opposite the Postoffice.

NewspaperArchive.com

THE GAZETTE.

DAILY WEATHER RECORD.

The following meteorological report is furnished by the United States Weather Bureau station in this city. Observations record 4 in the afternoon.

For the 24 hrs. ending 8 p. m., to Feb. 11, 6 p. m.	
Temperature at 6 a. m.	22.0
Temperature at 12 m.	29.0
Temperature at 6 p. m.	29.0
Maximum temperature	32.0
Minimum temperature	19.0
Mean temperature	26.0
Maximum barometric pressure in inches	24.[illegible]
Minimum barometric pressure in inches	2[illegible].61
Mean velocity of wind miles per hour	7
Maximum velocity of wind and direction	16 n
Relative humidity at 6 a. m.	71
Relative humidity at 12 m.	1
Relative humidity at 6 p. m.	5
Mean relative humidity	4
Mean dew point	16
Precipitation in inches	0

Mrs Geo T Hagerty of Denver is visiting Mrs Sam Collins 507 East Kiowa street.

Mr Charles Older manager of the Lenore Lawlins mine at Leadville is in the city

The county commissioners yesterday appointed J J Schuman constable at Palmer Lake

The People's party followers will meet in mass convention Tuesday evening next in court house hall

The ladies of the city are invited to attend the free lecture at the U P church at 2 30 p m to morrow

W W Williamson reports that he has bought in and sold some 10 000 shares of Blue Bell stock in the past two days

A suit for a small amount for wages entitled Murphy vs. Thompson occupied the time of the district court yesterday

The Blue lodge of Masons will give a sociable on Friday evening next to which all Masons and their families are invited

A regular meeting of Ramona Chapter No 9, O E S will be held Monday evening, Feb 13, in their hall at 7 30 o'clock

Reed Bros. yesterday sold a corner lot in Lihue from Robert A Mack to A F Newman for $800 Mr Newman will build a house

Prof J F Tucker physical director of elocution at Colorado College, will speak to young men at the Y M C A rooms this afternoon at 4 15 o'clock

Members of Badito Lodge, A O U W and Degree of Honor, who propose going to Pueblo Monday, should be at the D & R G. depot at 4 20 p m prompt.

There was some activity in the Orphan Belle stock yesterday, which has been a drug in the market for some time The activity grew out of a reported rich strike in the property

Little Miss Cecile Smith of Cleveland, O., the niece of Mrs. E. Barnett, entertained her young friends at a dinner party last evening The occasion was her eleventh birthday. There were ten guests and the young people had a fine time.

The Rev. E. Evans Carrington has recently received a flattering offer of an important position in a Brooklyn, N Y, college, but he has decided to remain with his flock here until they get through with their new church enterprise.

At a special meeting of the World Mining and Milling company, held at Cripple Creek on Friday evening, J K Miller was elected secretary of the company and J W Miller superintendent and manager Both were also elected on the board of directors.

The Rev. William Bull of Pennsylvania will deliver an address tonight at the Church of the Good Shepherd, Colorado City, on "Some Aspects of the Labor Question from a Christian Standpoint." The address will be followed by a short talk by Rev A R Kieffer

The subject of the spring election has begun to agitate the people somewhat and a good deal of canvassing around is being made to find good material for the offices. The name of Hon. James B Severy, ex-county judge, is frequently mentioned for mayor His friends hope to be able to induce him to permit his name to be used.

Emery P. Moon of Hosted furnishes the following weather report for the week ending Feb. 8, 1893 Highest temperature, 58 deg on the 8th; lowest temperature, 6 deg on the 7th weekly mean temperature, 30 01 Direction of the wind, south four days, northwest one day, southwest one day

Mr. W H. Firth agent of the Rock Island road at Denver, has a letter from John Sebastian, general passenger agent of the Rock Island, in which he states that notwithstanding the fact that the Missouri river and Colorado lines have rejected the round trip rate to Colorado for next summer on account of the negative vote of one road that his road will make the rate He states that the Rock Island gives public notice that it will put the rate into effect May 1

The Keeley institute of Colorado Springs will celebrate its first anniversary next Tuesday evening Among the speakers will be Judge John W Mullahey, first vice president of the Keeley league of the world, Dr J H Southerland state committeeman of the Keeley league of Wash, Will Visscher of Tacoma Wash, the well known newspaper man the ministers of the city and others There will be short addresses and a musical programme and the work of the institute for the year will be reviewed The announcement of the place of meeting will be made next week

Mozart Symphony Club

At the First Presbyterian church next Tuesday evening can be heard the famous Mozart Symphony club in one of their unrivaled concerts. Tickets are now on sale and a large audience is assured The club is composed of some of the famous musicians of the day At the head of the club is Mario Blodeck violin and viola da gamba, and artist in great prominent among the greatest virtuosi of the day with a two pleasing instruments Herr Chas Kraushaar flute virtuoso is a graduate of the conservatories in Budapest and Vienna. Miss Camille Toulmin is the leading harp virtuoso of the day and is a member of a well known musical family Herr Richard Stoelzer viola and viola d'amour soloist, was born in Leipsic, and a graduate of the conservatory in that city He is the only soloist who plays the viola d'amour an instrument with fourteen strings Herr Theodor Hoch, cornetist, is a graduate of the Berlin conservatory and [illegible]

and other testimonials given by crowned heads of Europe

The who fail to attend the concert will miss one of the great musical treats of the year.

Western Reporter.

A man from the west was doing a bit of society in the effete east, and he was cornered by a New York woman

"You western people are so original," she twittered

"Yes, we say things sometimes," he replied

"You are very good at repartee I understand

"Come again in place," he said, putting his hand up over his ear

"You are quick at repartee getting in on your adversary as it were" she explained

"Well yes we aren't slow," he admitted "when our guns is in good working condition"—Detroit Free Press.

Another Snake Story

A resident of St Clairsville, Pa, vouches for the following snake story "William Brown a friend of his found an artificial egg floating in the river an hollow good imitation of a hen's egg he cut his in half on it and used it for a nest June his mother went to the nest and found a blacksnake in possession In a few days the egg was missing One day last week Lon Augustin killed a large blacksnake, and in trying a lump on it stepped on it and out came the artificial egg with W cut on it"—Philadelphia Ledger

Baldness Among Young People.

If the unsatisfactory statistics that I have been able to collect can be relied on the proportion of baldness in boys and girls under twenty is about eighty to seven As the majority of girls at the age under consideration wear their hair loose or in simple Marguerite braids so that there is little likelihood of deception while unwholesome head gear or other individual practices can hardly as yet have had time to produce any material effect upon either sex, we may regard the differences indicated by the figures as practically due to the working of heredity alone—Miss E F Andrews in Popular Science Monthly

Royal Road to Wealth.

"There's a man," said Jobbins, "that came here two years ago with only $300 to his name Now he's worth a cool million if he's worth a cent"

"You don't say so," said Jenks How did he make so much money in so short a time?"

"Well," said Jobbins, "he invested his $200 in a tailor's shop and then made love to the very richest girl in town."—Somerville Journal

Navigation on the Nile.

From the beginning of winter to the end of spring—that is, while the Nile is navigable the north wind blows steadily up stream with sufficient force to drive sailing boats against the current at a fair pace while, on the other hand, the current is strong enough to carry a boat without sails down against the wind except when it blows a gale. That is why ancient Egypt did not need steam power nor electric motors for the immense commerce that covered the Nile, nor for the barges carrying building material for hundreds of miles.—Harper's Young People.

Peeling an Orange.

If one wants to peel an orange, all that is necessary to be done is to cut with a knife a very small circle around the stem end, and then mark dividing lines from the stem to the summit at points on the surface of the orange. The skin can then be drawn off just as easily as one may draw a finger from a glove.—Exchange.

A Fifth Avenue Fire

NEW YORK, Feb 12.—At 2 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the five-story apartment house, No. 208 Fifth avenue, extending through to No. 1[illegible] Broadway. The damage is estimated at $150,000 The fire was in the center of the Tenderloin district and occasioned the greatest excitement. The flames started in a basement underneath a drug store and extended through the buildings. Next door is Delmonico's and the late patrons rushed into Fifth avenue. The famous lawyer, A. H. Hummel, rescued several people at the expense of his personal attire. Fraser & Co., druggists, Delmonico and the famous dye maker, Redfern, are the principal losers. All are probably insured

When the fire broke out the people who simply own the great Tenderloin district were just about retiring, but as one man and one woman they returned to the street, in their most fantastic costumes, semi-dress suits, semi-masquerade dresses and stood about watching the smoke pouring from the burning buildings, while from the windows of the Hoffman house, the St. James, the Fifth Avenue, and in fact all the other great hotels in the neighborhood, people known to fame in all the upper classes of humanity gazed at the excited unfortunates as they were carried down by the firemen from windows on the second and third stories. Commissioner Hess and Harry Miner were among the first on the scene They proved of great value to the firemen As soon as the unfortunates were safely landed on the street they were cared for at the Hotel Brunswick and other hotels in the vicinity as well as at the Postal Telegraph office at 115 Broadway

Oliver Sumner Teal who was at Delmonico's when the fire broke out rescued several young women from the Broadway entrance Mrs Hardy Mayer (nee) a private secretary rescued a handsome young woman who refused to tell her name, but it is said to be one of the most prominent actresses in the city It was long after 4 o'clock before the excitement subsided down and then people should rest each other about as though it was a night after the opera. What became of all the people who were driven out of their homes could not be learned but many of them were prominent New Yorkers and were probably taken in at the neighboring hotels

A Leadville Shortage

DENVER, Feb 11.—A Times special from Leadville says The new county treasurer of Lake county discovered today that the previous treasurer in his accounts $10,000 short. The man's name is Mike Egan. He is said to say that the county will not lose a cent and believes there is a mistake in the books

A Protest from Colombians.

[illegible] against further concessions to the Panama Canal company signed by most of the leading Colombian citizens residing in this city has been forwarded to the Colombian government at Bogota

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion five cents per line for each subsequent insertion Advertisements to go in every other day or on certain days of the week at cents per line for each insertion

HALLETT & BAKER
Undertakers
No 14 Cascade avenue Telephone No 8

Fairley Hess undertaking and embalming first door north of City Hall on Nevada ave

WHEN YOU GO TO
Denver stay at the Mill Reliable American plan Rates have been reduced $2 per day Meals 50 cents

ADDRESS B
401 Mining Exchange Denver for [illegible] do light housekeeping rooms so furnished Wages $12 to $15 per month

FRESH BUCK OYSTERS
60 cents a quart at W F McKechnie's

EXPERIENCED DRESS MAKER
Wishes sewing in families Reasonable rates Call at 612 E Nevada Ave

TRY A GOOD DINNER
At the St James to-day

HAVE YOU SEEN
Fr[illegible] Photos Cabinet Photos, at $2.50 [illegible] Studio, Bank Building

SEWING
At 119 E Weber St

DISCOUNT SALE
At Vincent's commencing Tuesday Feb 14

EMERY'S PHOTOS
Are the best 18 S Tejon st

LADIES TAILORING
A ladies cutting school Lessons free until Feb 25th Park Block

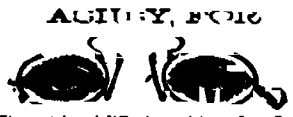
CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN RANCH
Blue Stem Hay and Alfalfa
P O Box 292 Colorado Springs Colo

A RARE BUSINESS CHANCE
On account of poor health one of the best businesses in the city is offered for sale for cash Capital required from $400 to $600 The location is first class trade well established enough to clear the best goods clean off the dead stock leaving a large net profit Anyone meaning business address B Lock Box 417 Colorado Springs Colo

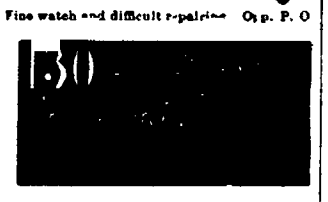
FOR MEXICAN OPALS
Lebanon and Mexican blankets go to No 1 Pike's Peak ave opp the corner

EXPERT PIANO TUNING.
Hext & Williams music store 21 N Tejon st

AGENCY, ROIE



Fine watch and difficult repairing Opp. P. O



Manicuring at Miss Kate Edinger's. 132 Pike's Peak Ave., Ground Floor.

Do You Know

That I rent more houses than any other agent in town? If you want to rent a house, or have one to rent

Call on me.

I also have some specially cheap lots to sell on the West Side, and have plenty of

MONEY TO LOAN
On Real Estate or Chattels.

W. W. WILLIAMSON,
10½ S. Tejon St.

Mines,
Stocks,
Bonds,
Loans,
Real Estate,
Commercial Paper.

FRANK H. PEETINGELL
41 Bank Block - Colo. Springs

IF YOU WANT TO
SELL
Your Mining Stocks
CALL UPON
J. K. Miller & Co.
Room 34 Bank Block Telephone 125

Call and Make Me a Bid
On 5000 shares--treasury--of the Ivanhoe Mining and Milling Co. stock.

FRANK G. PECK,
Company's Agent,
12 1-2 South Tejon St.

EDWARD C. FLETCHER,
BROKER.
Mines,
Real Estate AND
Investments.
Room 74 - Bank Building

MINES!
TUTT & PENROSE
14 Pike's Peak Avenue.
Real Estate,
and Mortgages.

A POINTER Buy Pennsylvania Gold stock.

STARK & SINEY
Have just received a large lot of
CORN-FED BEEF,
Corn-Fed Mutton,
RICH AND JUICY.
14 South Tejon Street.

Facial and Body Massage given at Miss Kate Edinger's 132 Pike's Peak Ave. Ground Floor

INSURANCE THAT INSURES.
ASSETS REPRESENTED OVER $200,000,000.

Mutual Life of New York	$170,000,000	Alliance of London	$17,[illegible]
Caledonian of Scotland	7,761,000	North American, Phila	[illegible]
Hartford of Hartford	7,100,000	Continental of N Y	[illegible]
Phoenix of Hartford	5,800,000	Penna of Phila	[illegible]
Phoenix of New York	3,105,190	Insurance of Newark	3,297,474

We solicit insurance. Policies promptly issued. All losses adjusted and settled in our office.

McINTYRE & HAYDEN.

THE BINFORD COAL CO.
(Telephone 40)
Office 12½ South Tejon Street.

Try our new grate and furnace coal, "PEERLESS." It is a clean, lasting, high grade coal, therefore economical

To Purchasers of Dry Goods:

WE wish to call the attention of purchasers of Dry Goods to our assortment of Anderson Ginghams, the largest and handsomest assortment ever shown in this market

Also a complete assortment of French Satteens

Have a full assortment of Printed India Silk for 50c per yard, worth $1.

For the next week we will offer a special discount of 10 per cent on all Muslin Underwear

Our carpet room is full of new and desirable goods in Carpets, Rugs and Linoleums.

GIDDINGS BROS. & BENT.

N. B Have received a few Spring Wraps

THE WILBUR DRY GOODS CO.

Special Sale!

Continuation of our Special 12-Days, 20 per Cent. Discount Sale.

Owing to the success of our special discount sale during the past two weeks, we have decided to continue the sale

TILL SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18.

We have just opened a large stock of Spring Goods, Outing Flannels, White and Dress Goods, which we include in this special sale.

All goods at 20 per cent discount except Toile du Nord Ginghams, Muslins and Customers Kid Gloves.

We shall have additional room about March 1, and shall show the most complete line of popular priced and fine Dry Goods, Suits, Coats and Millinery ever shown in Colorado Springs.

22 So. Tejon St. THE WILBUR DRY GOODS CO.

WE offer for sale the following pieces of property at LOW PRICES and on EASY TERMS: Lots on North Cascade, Tejon, Nevada and Weber. Also lots in West Colorado Springs, Roswell and Rock Island addition, and in Ivywild.

We also have good improved property on North Cascade, Tejon, Nevada and Weber, and on nearly all the cross streets. Our list is complete and prices low.

FOR RENT We also have a good list of houses, furnished and unfurnished, to rent.

We should be pleased to have anyone with improved or unimproved property to rent or to sell to list it with us We expect to advertise largely, and are making active preparations for a good real estate business this spring.

MINING STOCKS bought and sold on commission We would be pleased to have parties having stocks for sale to list same with us, as we have calls for them every day and will guarantee best prices.

Money Loaned at Low Rates on Improved Property.

BASSETT & FITZPATRICK,
Real Estate and Investment Brokers. 25 North Tejon St.

GRAND CONCERT
Tuesday Evening, Feb. 14,
AT THE
First Presbyterian Church,
BY THE
Mozart Symphony Club
OF NEW YORK.
Under the Direction and Management of
MR. MARIO BLODECK AND MR. RICHARD STOELZER
Including the following well known artists
Mr. John P. Rhodes Violin Soloist.
Mr. Th. Hoch Violin
Mr. Richard Stoelzer Viola
Mr. Mario Blodeck Violoncello
Miss Camille Toulmin Harp
Mr. Karl Kraushaar Flute
Mr. Henry Stieht Double Bass and Piano Accompanist.
Assisted by
Miss Grace Multon Prima Donna Soprano
Mr. Rich Stoelzer Viola d'Amour Soloist
Herr Theodor Hoch Cornet Virtuoso
Mario Blodeck Viola da Gamba Soloist
Admission—Adults $1.00
Children 50
Tickets now on sale at E. P. Robinson's, Van Petten Bros and at Consolidated Stationery Store

AUCTION SALE.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash one brown horse eight years old one canopy top phaeton one set single harness and one lap robe The above described property will be sold to satisfy a lien

Sale to be on Feb 20th 1893 at 10 o'clock p m at the Elk Livery 121 Pike's Peak Ave. Colorado Springs Colo

J W BRAIER.

PAGE NOBLE & COUNTRYMAN,
Civil and Mining Engineers.
U S Deputy Mineral Surveyors
Surveys Maps Plans Examinations and Reports
P O Box [illegible] 26 Bank Ave Cripple Creek Col

L. G. GOODSPEED,
Diamonds,
Watches and Jewelry.
Manufacturing Engraving
AND
Fine Watch Work.
Mrs. Mabel Lewett,
Pupil of Pinsuti and Orgas
No. 2[illegible] North Tejon Street

Woodworth, Smith & Randall,
JEWELERS

Watches, Clocks,
Precious Stones,
In Endless Variety,
From the finest Diamond down to our Native Gem. We make a specialty of mounting these stones in new and elegant designs of our own Call and see our work
FULL LINE OF
Jewelry Tea Sets
29 N. Tejon St.
Hagerman Block

Horses Broken
By a Thoroughly English Horseman
For further information address
H H ROBBINS,
P O Box 551 Colorado Springs Colo

Moses I. Hale,
104 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Royal Exchange Assurance Corporation
of London, England.
Established 1720

[illegible]	$ 21,192,[illegible]
Capital paid up	12,901,091 68
Net surplus	8,146,785 46
[illegible]	4,756,105 [illegible]
[illegible]	8,281,205 [illegible]
[illegible]	17[illegible],000 00

PIANOS, ORGANS, SEWING MACHINES
For Sale, Rent, Tuned and Repaired
Sheet Music and Musical Instruments of all kinds at lowest prices.

Hext & Williams, 21 N. Tejon St.

HAIR DRESSING,
Chiropodist and
Manicuring Parlors.
Room 31, 33, 36 Exchange Block
Thirty Years Experience in the Business.
Scalp Treatment Facial Massage Medicated Shampoos etc Ladies are invited to investigate
Pupils taken and taught in the various branches of the business

DOUBLEDAY BROS.
BROKERS.
Mines,
Real Estate AND
Investments.
Room 61 - - Bank Block.

LINUS E. SHERMAN,
United States Land and Pension Attorney
Will practice before any Land Office and the Pension Department (Contested and difficult cases a specialty)

Insurance,
Loans and
Real Estate.
[illegible]
COLORADO REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
100 East Huerfano St.
LINUS E. SHERMAN

GO TO F. SPEER
For Picture Frames
Artistic Cabinet Work a specialty
[illegible] Huerfano Street

For Sale---A Special Bargain

SEVEN ROOM HOUSE with all modern conveniences North Nevada Avenue Part of the purchase money may remain at 6 per cent This property must be sold at a sacrifice to settle an estate Parties desirable locality should examine this at once Prices and terms reasonable Apply to

MATTHEW KENNEDY
NO 8 NORTH TEJON ST.

N. O. JOHNSON & CO.

Have just received the largest and most complete assortment they have ever shown in

Carpets, Linoleums, Rugs,
Lace Window Draperies,
Chenille Portieres,
Muslin Draperies.

In all the latest novelties They will be displayed in our new Carpet and Drapery Room. Respectfully,

N. O. JOHNSON & CO.
22-24 Pike's Peak Ave
Our Dressmaking Rooms will be closed during the month of March

JOHN LENNON

Fine Furniture, Medium Furniture
Cheap Furniture, Furniture for All
Good, Honest Home Comforts at Prices

114-116 East Pike's Peak Ave

The Home-Owning Citizen

Is the best citizen. He is interested in the community for the town, and is better off in a financial way than pays out a big part of his income for rent. Five years ago began selling homes on easy monthly payments that are greater than rent. The ones who bought then moved to their homes. Five more years will soon roll around and then be a house ahead if you buy one now. We are now finishing touches to a fine 6-roomed house, with bath connection and best sanitary arrangements, on a corner lot near school. Price $2600. Terms $200 down, $25 a month. Or we will lease the house for a year at $[illegible] 4-room modern house on $25 monthly pay [illegible]

REMEMBER THE PLACE
Telephone 207 28 S. Tejon

When You have a Photograph Made
Why not get the Best?

You will be better satisfied, and in the long run, because the BEST is cheapest.

Unquestionably the BEST Light Posed and BEST Finished Photos made at the studio of

Rehm & Sing
[illegible] Tejon Street

MATT CONWAY

Has Just Received a Large Line of
Gentlemen's and Ladies'
FINE SHOES
Which will be Offered at
BIG BARGAINS THIS WEEK
Fine Custom Work a Specialty
10 [illegible] Avenue

CIVILL & WHITE
301 West Cu[illegible]
MANUFACTURERS OF ARTIFICIAL
ALSO DEALERS IN NATURAL
Williamsburg - COAL
Canon City -
WOOD CUT TO ORDER

To the Public:

Having purchased the stock and good will of the De La Vergne Co we will in Week ending Feb 18, 1893, reopen this store for business to the public with the entire stock consisting of Furniture and general Farnishing Goods

The stock is too large for this market and too large to be properly quantities yet remain unpacked and the goods must go It is our aim to place this stock to proper proportions and yet to keep it complete and well assorted and we shall endeavor to merit and hope to share a portion of your patronage

Also we will offer to the right party for a term of years a lease of one half of our present store-room Respectfully,

J. R. R. DAGGETT &

cond. | COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE. | Pages 5-8. |

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1893. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

...URSELF.

...ARE NOT AR-
...EASON

...tributed by such a ... ty. Fancy a hotel ... which the foot of man ... guest, a hotel in which ... the room clerks and ... boys perhaps that ... all the other of the ... taches will be ... of a hotel that ... features of the W...

How unprecedented ... will as old age ... Chicago ... ance of ... which safety ... comfort ... to engross the ... Potter Palmer ... board of lady ... tional commission ... been brought ... congress, under ... cific duties, it ... that the ladies ... full charge and ... cests of ... exposition. The ... garded as a ... prehensive ... the tens of ... Chicago ... and ... mas cannot ... fined within ...

Ample ... lightenment and ... sex has been ... adopted for the ... buildings, to ... attractions of ... ankind that will ... other structures. ... hold, should be ... for the expected ... especially those ... "industrial worker" ... working girls, ... others engaged in ... the benefits and ... clean, safe homes ...

How this aim ... was a question to which ... prolonged thought ... The views and ... friends of the ... women were sought ... result came the ... an's Dormitory Association ... bian Exposition. While ... this enterprise have been ... from outside sources ... necessity, for the board ... for every dollar ... ury, yet at the same ... designates the dormitory ... auxiliary.

Among those who ... working in its behalf ... the active management ... as Miss Frances Willard ... Matilda D. Carse, who have ... by their work in connection with the Women's Christian Temperance Union, Mrs. James A. Mulligan, wife of the famous soldier who gave his life for his country on the field of battle, Mrs. James B. Doolittle, widow of the only son of Wisconsin's venerable ex-senator; Mrs. Charles Henrotin, the better half of the noted Chicago banker and consul for the Belgian empire; Mrs. General A. L. Chetlain, Mrs. Helen M. Barker and Mrs. Ben C. Truman, names all of which are familiar to those interested in movements beneficial to women.

The rooms of the hotel will be furnished with comfortable beds and toilet conveniences, and the structure will be divided into sections, each presided over by a refined and motherly woman, who will exercise a watchful care over unprotected girls, whether they come alone or as part of a group. The rate for accommodations will be a remarkably low one. Large numbers of working women and girls have subscribed for shares of stock, which are to be taken in payment of the bills incurred for accommodations, and to these the rate per day, so it is estimated, will not exceed 40 cents. The site selected is within a few stones' throw of the exposition entrance, and the structure will be in readiness for the entertainment of guests before the first of May.

Very much on the same principle and practically under the same auspices as the Family Dormitory association. Most of the ladies already mentioned are identified also with this enterprise, while to the list may be added such names as those of Mrs. General Logan, Mrs. George M. Pullman and Mrs. J. H. McVicker. The family auxiliary will be to women with children what the other structure is to the lone woman, save that male heads of families will be acceptable as guests provided only that they have their families with them.

In this way husbands and wives, brothers and sisters, widows and widowers, with their little ones, may be housed economically and comfortably under the same roof. Both of these enterprises will go far toward dispelling any idea among people of moderate or slender means that their financial condition will not permit of a visit to the World's fair and a wrestle with the exorbitant prices that are supposed in popular estimation to be the natural concomitants of such an event.

HENRY M. HUNT.

The Daily Dinner in Some Houses.

In no way has the spirit of the times brought more change than in the hour and costume. The grandfathers of the present generation thought ... a late hour to dine, but now 7:30 is considered early. The master should ... don his dress suit, although the ... coat in one's own house is all ... The mistress dresses as though for a ball, the only difference being in the material, which is plainer, and the ... which are worn long. The same ... ity must be observed in serving the dinner as obtains when a number of guests are present.—Vogue.

Manners at a Tea Drinking.

On one point at least we may congratulate ourselves, and that is on the improvement in tea table manners. Some old fashioned folk used to signalize the conclusion of their tea drinking by turning the cup upside down in the saucer. In other circles the recognized sign of a disinclination for more tea was the placing of the spoon in the cup instead of in the saucer. When Lord ... first prime minister, Lord ... was a lad, residing at Glasgow with the house of one of the university professors—about the end of the last century—he wrote to his mother an account of the Glasgow table manners.

"We drink healths at dinner," he writes, "hand round the cake at tea and put our spoons into our cups when we desire to have no more, exactly in the same manner that we used to behave at Hatfield, at Eton and at Cambridge."

All the Year Round.

Not Too Deep.

House Hunter. This well is very shallow, seems to me.

Suburban Agent. Yes, indeed. You'll never find any Chinese lepers in that well.—New York Weekly.

The cost of irrigation per acre in Colorado on the average is about 50 cents. Farmers find it pays to take water in this way, as the products of the soil are so much more abundant.

FRENCH COURTSHIP.

It is ... that French women are married only for their money. It is almost an impossible ... a man in ordinary circumstances to marry a poor girl. The education of the average man is far more complete in France than in America. Every family ... boys to school until they are at least 20 years old. Then comes the military service, and a man begins business when he is about 21. If his family are in ... circumstances, it is probable that ... government position with a salary of $40 a month. At 30 years of age, if he is industrious, he may make $80 a month. How is it possible to support a family on so small a sum? The only solution is to marry a girl with about the same income. It is not necessary for her to have a large capital if she has any means of supporting herself. This also applies to cultivated people.

A marriage in France is not the easy thing it is in America. The consent of the parents of both parties must be furnished, or if that is ... impossible and they are of age, then the ... must be obtained together with their birth certificates and the marriage certificates of the parents. If the latter are dead, their death certificates must be procured before ... bans are published. A religious marriage is not recognized by law and it is usual for the civil marriage to take place at the mayor's office in the early morning and the religious marriage in the church at noon, though often the civil ceremony is ... the day before the religious ceremony takes place.

As France is a Catholic country the double marriage is customary. The groom wears a dress suit, the bride a high neck white gown. The bridesmaids and bridal party are all in high necked dresses as it is considered the height of impropriety to enter a church decolleté. After the service, during part of which the bridal couple sits on chairs with their backs to the congregation, the bridesmaids take up a collection, passing purses made of the same material as their dresses. The proceeds are given to the poor.

The question is often asked, "Are French marriages generally happy?" As a rule they are more so than American marriages. The man is carefully selected by the bride's parents who are better able to judge what will prove a suitable match for a girl of ... than a girl of ... The ... is commonly made ... with ... and this gives foreigners a false idea of things. As a matter of fact the ... of the middle classes ... in France as in America ... upper circles ... in all countries.—Jennie Malone in ...

Rude Business Women.

A ... the rudeness of a ... central telephone ... with fresh force the ... inconvenience of ... situations are ... and offensive to ... gentlemen ... experience ... which is more ... than that of ... that it cannot be ... with the ... man would ... up with. The ... that at best ... the ... and she is ... man ... the sauce ... and not ...

THEY HAVE MADE THEIR ...

... Who are Very Popular ...

... striking ... and ... well ... profession ... New York ... parents. Her ... Wells. He was known ... Stewart of the ... for many years as the ... south. He died last May.

On account of the ... of Mr. Wells ... the family ... to the west about 12 years ago, and five years later sundry Wells travel ... Sidney Armstrong made her debut on the stage as a member of a little ... company which was touring Kansas. Her duties were ... but five years ... the experience was invaluable ... secured Miss Armstrong to secure a position with the stock company of the ... Baltimore, where she ... a Patterling ... Tom Miss ...

... Frederic Bryton in ... Blind" was ... proved ... professional ... including ... Marie" and "The ... joined Charles ... in the summer of 1890 and has been with that gentleman ever ...

Miss Armstrong is never married. She ... Ben Hur" ... Miss Armstrong has no ... she is as she declares, ... ever. She will ... Europe for the first time next summer.

Miss Armstrong is a handsome rather than a pretty woman. Her figure is magnificent, ... outline, and ... good in its ... attractive ... intelligence and ... quality. In personal appearance she is therefore admirably adapted to the line of work in which she is engaged. Miss Armstrong is a genuinely brilliant conversationalist, a keen observer of current events and withal a charming woman.

Almost everybody in the United States has seen "Across the Continent," and none will claim that it is even a moderately good play, although it does contain a large assortment of sivers and gurgles and thrills. And yet three of the most remarkable sisters on the American stage "delineated" in this wild western nightmare. They are Ada Rehan, leading lady with Augustin Daly's company; Hattie Russell, who fills a similar place in William H. Crane's comedy organization and Kate Byron, who is the heroine of the plays in which her husband, Oliver Doud Byron, stars and rants and incidentally makes "barrels of money." These ladies were born in Limerick, Ireland. The family name is Crehan.

Mrs. Hattie Russell made her debut when she was 16 in "Across the Continent." Then she became a member of the Arch Street theater (Philadelphia) stock company. There she met Robert Fulton Russell, an actor, whom she afterward married. Ada Rehan was a little girl then, and in the company were John and Georgie Drew. Mrs. Russell, her husband and her sister, Ada, went from the Arch Street theater to Albany, where they joined the stock company at the Leland Opera House.

Mrs. Russell next became a member of Augustin Daly's traveling company, taking on the road the parts which Ada Rehan played in New York. She remained with

MRS. HATTIE RUSSELL.

Daly two years and then put in three years with W. J. Florence and two years with Mrs. Langtry, playing leads in both companies.

Mrs. Russell joined Crane in 1890 and has been with him ever since. She is a sterling actress who confines herself to legitimate methods. She is a splendid swimmer and always spends the summer at Long Branch.

LUCY LAWS.

Where Styles in Hats Rarely Change.

Dr. Dowan tells us that the Natal "fashionables" wear hats a foot high in height, made of the fat of oxen. They first gradually anoint the head with a pure grease, which, mixing with the hair, fastens the hat on during the lifetime of the wearer. The Myantases make a hat of a board 12 inches by 6. They place it on their heads, draw the hair over it and seal it with wax. They cannot be down without keeping their necks straight, and when they comb their hair, which they do once or twice a year, they have to spend considerable time in melting the wax before they can get their hats off.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Letting the Soul Pass Out.

The writer remembers a case of a dying woman some few years ago in Dublin. She was gasping, and apparently was undergoing the last struggle in great distress. The nurse went to the window and opened it. At once the dying woman breathed deeply and expired. The writer said to the nurse, "Why did you open the window?" The nurse gravely was, "Surely you would let her soul go up the chimney?"—Popular Science Monthly.

Typhoid Fever From Ice Cream.

It is a quite well established fact that ice may carry the germs of typhoid fever. Instances have been noted. The Lancet gives an account of the outbreak of this fever in London, which has been traced to some cheap ice cream peddled about the streets by Italians.

A sister's duty is to persuade to virtue, to win to wisdom's ways, gentle to lead where duty calls, to guard the citadel of home with the sleepless vigilance of virtue, to gather graces and strew flowers around the home altar.

Sir Andrew Clark is said to have told Mr. Gladstone that he had one mouth but 32 teeth, and that each mouthful of food should receive 32 bites in order to give every tooth a chance.

Coleridge found solace for his troubles in the forgetfulness induced by opium, and when under its influence would sit for hours threading the dreamy maze of his own mind.

A Lancashire acre is equal to 7,840 square yards, a Cheshire acre, 10,890 square yards, an Irish acre, 7,840, and a Scotch acre, 6,104 square yards.

THEATRICAL REVIEW

NEW YORK HAS BUT A POOR GRADE OF ATTRACTIONS

William H. Crane In "On Probation"—A New Steeplechase Drama—Oscar Wilde's Play, "Lady Windermere's Fan"—The Plans of Several New Vaudeville Stars.

NEW YORK, ... W. H. Crane ... "On Probation" ... not ... never ... down ... and ... than three quarters ...

SCENE FROM "THE OUTSIDER."

Jonathan Stubbs, Mr. Crane's ... is a Chicago ... who has an uncontrollable penchant for fighting. He is in love with a charming ... Mary Marlow, who puts ... for a certain length of time.

In Paris ... Lady Brooke, a sort of ... adventuress, who sets her cap for ... the most unblushing fashion. Silabee is ... true to Mary Marlow and goes to ... for the purpose of proposing ... on behalf of her cousin, Sir Marcus. He ... she misunderstands ... and thinks that he is anxious to marry her himself. Of course she accepts ... and their matters are in a pretty tangle indeed. A fiery Brazilian, whose ... has kissed, and a waiter who ... and ... black mail as the price of his secrecy contribute their mites toward the task of laughter producing.

Of the acting little need be said. Mr. Crane never has any but competent people in his company, and he seems to be incapable of poor work. The character of Jonathan Stubbs would prove a first class opportunity in the hands of most actors, but Mr. Crane makes the old donkey quite lovable and the sentimental situations tolerably enjoyable. Brander Matthews and George H. Jessop are the authors of "On Probation."

A pet theatrical legend has it that Sheridan wrote "School for Scandal" in a night. Of course he didn't, and nobody believes the absurd story, but if the same claim were made for Messrs. Matthews and Jessop and "On Probation," with the concession of the presence of an expert stenographer, it might receive general credence. The work is not only feathery, but sloppy and everything of importance is anticipated, so that the indispensable element of ... full force—surprise—is lacking. It is a relief to know that Miss Martha Morton's new play will shortly succeed "On Probation."

"Glendalough," now running at the Fourteenth Street theater, is a strictly conventional Irish drama, with all that the term implies, but the general impression seems to be that it will make as much money as "Mavourneen," despite the fact that the star, J. K. Murray, is not as pleasing a stage figure as was poor demented W. J. Scanlan. But Murray is an excellent actor and a really good singer of Irish songs. He has a rollicking sort of method which contributes in no small measure to the success of "Glendalough."

"The Outside," the first of the Steeplechase plays, played out its engagement at the Park theater to tophavy business. Forbes Dawson, the author, has not in this work given evidence of the possession of a strong dramatic instinct. On the contrary, his results are all imaginable methods imaginable. There is no continuity or what might be called "hang together-ativeness" about "The Outsider." It is a sort of chowder of incidents with an equine flavoring. The great steeplechase, which is intended to electrify the audience, is laughable. There are the real horses and the real jockeys, but a frightfully and exaggeratedly unreal race is the only result of their joint efforts. Two burlesque boxers and a lady with an also unreally strong jaw are unquestionably the best features of "The Outsider," although they really have no legitimate connection with the play.

New Yorkers have by this time had the opportunity to form a fair and comprehensive estimate of Mme. Duse's work in a variety of roles. I think I voice the general opinion when I say that she is not regarded as Bernhardt's equal, although almost everybody admits that she stands next to the wonderful French actress.

Mme. Duse has created as favorable an impression in comedy as in emotion. Her remarkable versatility was manifested a few nights since when she gave a double bill, consisting of Giovanni Verga's tragic drama, "Cavalleria Rusticana," and Carlo Goldoni's comedy, "La Locandiera," and surprised the audience by her complete loss of self and her wide divergence of methods. Naturally Mme. Duse has her limitations—who has not?—but it will doubtless be many a year before her equal will be seen in this country.

SCENE FROM "THE OUTSIDER."

A great many persons in the theatrical profession have asserted that Eleanora Duse is simply a temporary sensation who was discovered recently, boomed into prominence by a shrewd manager and then booked at enormous figures for visits to Vienna, Berlin and New York. The writer cannot assert that the Duse has for many years been nothing more than a good leading woman ... and ...

In reality Mme. Duse and her husband were joint stars a great many years ago. The couple made a hit. The lady thought she was mainly responsible for it. Her spouse thought otherwise. They disagreed on this point for some time. Then they agreed—to continue to disagree. Each became an independent star, as Mlle. Louis James and Marie Wainwright. The result, it must be admitted, has proved to ... the lady's intimate of her capabilities, for there are precious few people outside of Italy who know that she ever had a husband. Mme. Duse made her hit early in life, and she can certainly no longer be considered young.

The expected has happened, and Oscar Hammerstein's second attempt to present grand opera in English at popular prices and without stars of the first magnitude has failed. Everybody interested in the atrical matters in New York, except Mr. Hammerstein, foresaw the collapse of the venture, and in consequence the temporary closing of the magnificent Manhattan Opera House has caused merely a ripple of comment.

The house of that name, which is really entitled to that much abused designation "temple of art," is now the uppermost subject of discussion on Broadway rather than the Rialto. It has been suggested that it might be profitably converted into a high grade concert hall, with an occasional ballet or the best class of vaudeville talent obtainable in Europe, but the fact that the Co[illegible] ...

OSCAR WILDE.

Besides Bessie Bonehill, who will star in a farce comedy, "written especially for her by a well known author"—as all farce comedies are—Lottie Collins has announced that she will shoot across the American theatrical firmament at the head of a company to be known as "Lottie Collins' Surprise Party." The venture will be under the management of Mr. Harris, who is Mr. Isaac B. Rich's business partner, and Mr. Cooney, who is Miss Lottie Collins' matrimonial partner. Mrs. Cooney will attempt several character sketches which will fall to her lot as a stage-struck academy miss.

"Ta-ra-ra Boom-de-ay" may be played out in several languages, but Lottie Collins isn't, and she and her husband propose to make money before she shall have been relegated to the bourne of the "has-been."

I hear, too, that Kate Forrester will invade America with a ... company.

Oscar Wilde's play, "Lady Windermere's Fan," now on for a run at Palmer's theater, will ... to the author's reputation as a dramatist. The plot ... with the question of the restrictions which society imposes upon the conduct of women, and its quiet way of ignoring the ... double standard of morals. The ... is handled delicately, but with no ... and I feel confident that "Lady Windermere's Fan" will attract crowds to Palmer's theater for a long time. The play is entertaining, but it also compels thought, and this is so rare a combination in the contemporaneous drama that the novelty of the thing is likely to give "Lady Windermere's Fan" a long ... of life.

There is a brighter outlook for high class grand opera in New York now than for some time. Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau will provide the company, and the Metropolitan Opera House will ... photo-strike, from its ... and with its acoustic properties improved, it is to be hoped. The directors have not yet formally declared that they will rebuild, but they, or some of them, are determined to do it just the same.

OCTAVUS COHEN.

The Happy Women.

If you seek to find the happy and fortunate women in your circle, they will usually be those who were born with loving hearts, or, if not so endowed by nature, they have cultivated by help of grace this choice possession, and so have a double claim to be ... happy.—Harper's Bazar.

Elizabeth Cheadbourne.

Elizabeth S. Cheadbourne, a Vermont woman who started her profitable in days when Gen. Grant Cayuse ... to prepare for her career, is the leading spirit and founder of Parkeley in Virginia. When Miss Cheadbourne first visited and reorganized the ... possibilities of the fertile ... in which ... had been practically closed to the world until about five years ago, a single farmhouse with a station comprised the town. Game was left to the city sportsmen, soft-shelled crabs fed the hogs ... was the staple product and food of the peninsular. Now there is a flourishing town, with broad streets, pretty houses, and great prospects, owned by a stock company of which Miss Cheadbourne is secretary, treasurer, and the largest stockholder. She is also the inside worker who interests people to invest. She understands all kinds of leases, deeds, etc., and can make out an agreement on the spot which all the quibbles of the lawyers cannot circumvent. In this day when so many heavy Trotwoods are born that should be Davids, and when there aren't anywhere near Barkises enough to go round, every successful departure from the crowded walks of teaching and sewing is of value and interest.

"One of the greatest boons which will result from the industrial emancipation of woman," according to Mr. Carroll D. Wright, "will be the frank admission on the part of the true and chivalric man that she is the sole, rightful owner of her own being in every respect, and that whatever companionship may exist between her and man shall be as thoroughly honorable to her as to him. Specifically she will be able to use her mind under conditions which have brought success to her father and brother. In callings where men surpass women, women will be obliged to abandon the field; but where services are performed with equal skill and intensity by both there will arise honest competition and an equalization of compensation."

In Ellen Terry's beautiful home in South Kensington there is a sale ever ready a basket full of garments to be made for the poor. Whenever the intimate friends of the great actress run in for the woman's five minutes' call, which always spoils the morning, Miss Terry produces her basket, and while they chat the caller must busy herself with knitting or sewing or crocheting. The number of garments which are sent out finished in this way are the best kind of an illustration of how much time the modern woman spends holding her hands.

Elizabeth Cady Stanton says that the first Pilgrim to set foot on Plymouth Rock was a woman.

A premium at women doctor of Bruxelles ... [illegible] ... —New York Sun.

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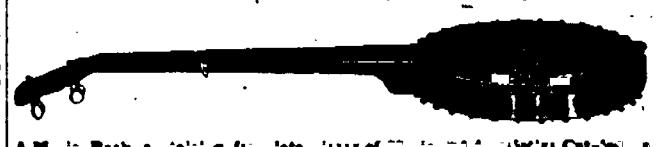

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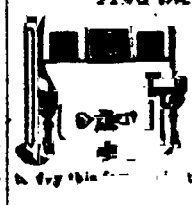

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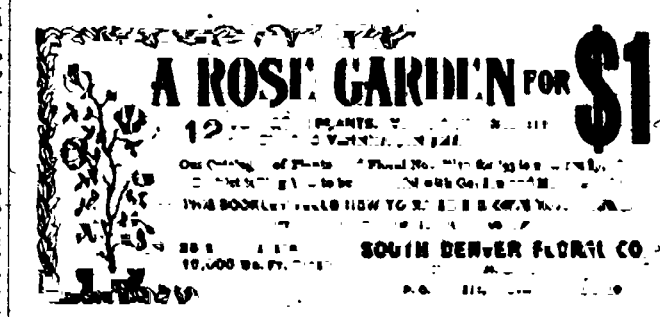

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Literary Department.

THE SUNNY SIDE OF LONDON

Since "slumming" became a fad we have had a great deal published about the East End of London including some very good story is and some valuable matter that was not fictitious at all by General Booth of the Salvation Army and others. No book that we have seen, however tells of the East End from the same point of view and none is more entertaining or full of facts, than "Round London Down East and Up West" by Montagu Williams published by Macmillan and Company. Mr Williams the world would have been called Judge in this country was a man of very wide experience and observation. He had travelled extensively in his practice for many years at the bar and for some years before his death a few months ago had served as a Police Magistrate at some of the courts in East London. It was there that he became so intimately acquainted with the life of the poor and Charles Dickens, who contributes the preface to this volume says that proud and justly proud as Montagu Williams was of his brilliant career at the bar he was prouder still in his later years of the title "the poor man's magistrate" which he so well and worthily earned. Down East in London While Mr Williams was profoundly impressed by the moral side of the problems that came before him he had also an eye for the picturesque and a full appreciation of the humorous so that his book is not a tract or a sermon so much as a series of apt, off hand sketches, full of anecdote and incident. It is one of those desirable books which can be taken up at any time for a few moments and which the reader is sure to find interesting no matter where he dips into it. We know of no better way to give an idea of the book than by quoting the titles of some of the chapters East End Shows Match Girls Griddlers, or Street Singers The London Hospital Ratcliff Highway Sunday at the East End

After all the most interesting part of the volume is that devoted to "Up West" Mr Williams, by reason of his social position, was as well acquainted with the fashionable end of London as with the slums. He is perfectly free in his comments and as most of his description, as we have intimated, are of the sunny side, he is at times very severe. Again we give the headings of some of his chapters in this part of the volume Climbing the Ladder, Fruit Aristocracy Outer Plutocracy, Descending the Ladder, Modern Stockbrokers Topsy Turvydom, Huckstering Hymen The Promenader, The Road to Ruin, Talent in Tatters, The London Season

The chapter on "Huckstering Hymen" is of course a terribly severe criticism of the methods of Society" about marriage and giving in marriage. "The Road to Ruin," while mainly a string of sketches of men the author has known, is a scathing indictment of the gambling that is sending so many of the "gilded youth" of the British capital to poverty, disgrace and death Never was moral conveyed in more entertaining and attractive fashion than by this barrister-at-law The book is decidedly worth reading for its good stories alone, for any one interested in social questions and reform it is simply invaluable

LAMB'S DRAMATIC ESSAYS.

As all admirers of the gentle Elia know Charles Lamb was exceedingly we might say, extravagantly fond of the theater. In its good sentiments, night after night, he forgot the dingy little vestibule of the Indian office Of its actors and actresses he wrote with appreciative and discriminating criticism. Its plays received at his hands a treatment such as no other critic has given them He had, in a rare degree the faculty of sympathetic insight. He never quite outwore the glamour that invested the play house when a first, as a six year old child he was introduced within its precincts.

Of that first play that the child ever saw, Lamb has left a delightful account. It was a part of it

Curtain had rumbled It was to ring yet unknown, and incapable of the anticipation, I sat down my little self in a sort of rising expectation upon the material lap. It rang the time. The curtain drew up—I was not quite six years old and the play was "Artaxerxes"

I had dabbled a little in the Universal History, the ancient part of it,—and here was the court of Persia. It was being admitted to a sight of the past. I took no proper interest in the action going on for I understood not its import but I heard the word 'Darius,' and I was in the midst of Daniel. All feeling was absorbed in vision Gorgeous vistas gardens, palaces, pageants passed before me I knew not the players. I was in Persepolis for the time and the burning idol of the location almost converted me into a worshipper I was awe-struck and believed those significations to be something more than elements &c. If ever a sitting enchantment and a dream had pleasure has since visited me to that end.

The best thing a reviewer can do in noticing any book of Lambs is to give as much Lamb and as little sauce as possible so we need make no apology for introducing another most delicate bit from our author It is in his criticism of Thomas Dekker's Old Fortunatus

The humor of a frantic lover in the scene where Orleans to his friend Gallowby defends the passion with which he sets forth in a prayer in the King's chapel on account of the frenzy of the King and the grace Antiphila in the fourth act and the passion was an infinite case as any will Shakespeare or Jonson He has other adjunct in Lear and Timon of Athens the wonderful

A swarm of fools
Crowding together to be eaten by lions

He talks "pure Bron and Romeo" he is almost as poetical as they quite as philosophical only a little more so After a Lover's sectarists are a reason into the selves We have gone retrograde to the days when they proved our nation to their minds and increase the kindliest sympathy yet the most alarming disease in the kind state of youth the nourishers of dreams the fire with the mother twin birth weal and folly rational weakness the secret leaven freedom the great and rising of the liberal superstitions

The Dramatic Essays are full of bits like this or as good as this If you do not think so read them and see for yourself

The present volume published by Dodd Mead and Company is enriched with excellent portraits of Lamb himself and of many of the actors and actresses and playwrights of whom he wrote It is edited by Mr Brander Matthews, who has introductory chapter is so good that we cannot resist quoting a little of it

Americans take a peculiar delight in the humor of Charles Lamb, for he is one of the forefathers of American humorists On the roll which is headed by Benjamin Franklin and on which the latest signatures were made by Mark Twain and Bret Harte no man shines more brightly than Lamb By the side of Irving he expected that he would rank at all but clearly this children the more certain his fame rests on the fact that he had humor high and dry like that which Hood lived with pathos Americans like the quaint phrasing of the Elian prose. At times that phrase has the savor of recondite words things half seen half by the uplands of study Charles Lamb stated to speak disrespectfully of the Elizabethan age was for a long time a fashion. He was an antiquary as strictly as any of the Dryasdust. He laughed for instance that Sir Thomas Browne should take a project for a Quincunx Plantation in his garden and of the prince and the cross of the Elizabeth

Altogether this is a delightful volume. The only fault we can find with it is the white lacing which makes a cover necessary when reading it and covers are an abomination

WHIST NUGGETS

The latest volume which Messrs G P Putnam's sons have published in their series of Knickerbocker Nuggets is one that will appeal irresistibly to every lover of the noblest game of cards. Whist Nuggets edited by William Mackenzie contains a very large amount of both information and entertainment concerning the game of whist in a very small compass The more serious articles include one from the London Quarterly Review on Modern Whist one by Abraham Hayward on Whist and Whist Players" William Pole's well known Rhyming Rules Mnemonic Maxims and Pocket Precepts, and the invaluable Thirty nine Articles of Whist, by "Richard Irving Dunbar which sets forth in its perfection the system of American leads designed by Mr N B Trist of New Orleans

The lighter articles include Charles Lamb's famous essay on Mrs Battle's Opinions on Whist Gossip about Edward Everett, Metternich and Lord Lytton as whist players several extracts from Cavendish's "Card Table Talk Pembridge's famous essay on "Whist or Bumblepuppy" an article from the Spectator on "Ladies Whist and amusing skits by Philip H Welch and F C Burnand on playing at playing whist together with an extract from Mr Pettus's book on "American Whist Illustrated It is really surprising how much matter the editor has managed to collect in this little volume Its pages, carefully read give pretty full instruction both how to play whist, and how not to play it.

Whist itself is a game of which the definite origin is hard to trace. It seems to have been imported into England from the continent perhaps from Italy, nearly four hundred years ago, but its forms then was actually different from the present game In Shakespeare's time it was known as "Triumph" a corruption of which led to the word trump The first known use of the same whist seems to have been in the second or spurious part of "Hudibras," published in 1663, where the following lines occur

But what was this? A game at Whist
Unto our Plowden's Comment

But even as late as a century ago the vulgar name of the game was "whisk" a word which may have described the operation of taking in the tricks by the gentlemen who in their days wore large sleeves with immense ruffs on them and from the ruffs perhaps came the term still in use especially in England, to denote the trumping of a plain suit.

Whist has made great progress as a scientific game in the last century and particularly in the last twenty years. Such men as Clay and "Cavendish" and Pole and Proctor in England enunciated the principle of the modern and scientific game but it remained for America to give the final touch to its perfection and Mr Trist's system of American leads has now been generally adopted by the Best English players. For pure skill no other game at cards can compare with it and for interest, aside from any gambling no other game but chess stands as its peer

A BATCH OF PAPER COVERED NOVELS.

M Jules Claretie is recognized as one of the Frenchest of the French novelists of the day His Monsieur le Ministre" was an abominable book morally to American tastes at least and the rest are not much better In L'Amer Latine however which has been done into English by William Henry Scullen and published by Morrill Higgins & Co of Chicago the reader who expects open prurience will be somewhat disappointed The story was written evidently with a moral purpose and the author interposes several sermons on the evil of conjugal infidelity and its attendant phenomena Of course the book could not be French of the modern sort without some concessions but considering its source it is quite decent L'Amerique centrale herself is a Mrs Norton a young woman who has married a French Marquis who has married and left her to dispense her fortune in Paris that at last gets all the money and then they fall with the Marquis and the husband leaves the Marquis with the only and leaving a note for her mamma to be Things come to a very bad pass the Marquis and couple are left to be married when presto the husband has been arrested and has not a sou that a rescue Mrs N turns that she refuses to be parted from him The Marquis shows himself with Mr N to be a scoundrel from whom a fortune is to be wasted him the fortune of Norton comes back again and we are left to infer that they all were happy ever after ward This is hardly in the usual French style for it is rather romantic than realistic and so far as art and power are concerned it looks to Miss Clarissa

The setting that one thinks of after reading "The Man From Wall Street" by St George Lathbourne is that it is like "Mr Barnes of New York" This is not saying that it lacks originality, but gives a fair idea of the character of the story and is intended to be complimentary The scene of the first part of the story is laid in Venice, and of the latter part in Seville. The author recognizes the fact that his duty to his readers requires that the American should come out ahead in every adventure, and adventures are plentiful There is nothing particularly novel in the book but the interest is well maintained A description of a bull fight towards the end is good Published by Morrill Higgins & Co

Whoever wrote Whatever Thou Art was so to disguise herself under the nom de plume of Wein Wilde The opening sentences are as follows She was a beautiful girl superbly beautiful a grand figure divinely tall with a royal face Lest it should be supposed that the sentence is because the author is utterly taken with subsequent upon the same page Jet black ripples full broad swing white full rounded almost perfect beautiful wearily Hurst Lovely rose intense an almost hatred perfect beautiful little That is the first page and the consecutive ones are similar Over about No 3 is the following and as it is quoted Wein Wilde is prima facie guilty of it

Sweet rosy green and
Tender blossoms will
Soon be gone never sweet to be the
Only two can tell
I was all wan for working
It is there with seeking

A preliminary paragraph states that this is poetry but it is not sworn to The weary look on the author came over the beautiful face as the words came to her" a touch of realism which is fully appreciated by the reader What is left of the story after the adjectives are taken out is an unreal series of improbable situations and unnatural actions. It is surprising, with the number of books of every kind that are on the library shelves in editions new and old and the number of works of real merit that are being daily sent forth that people can be found to pay good money for such worthless trash as this. Wein Wilde might be of more value to the world as a "scrub lady" than as an authoress Published by G W Dillingham and for sale by Q J Wellington

Among the American authors who imitate the "realism" so-called, of the declining French school, without being able to equal its artistic merit is Albert Ross whose trashy and sensational novels have done as much harm in the sacred name of literature as those of any American who ever lived Like its predecessors, "Thy Neighbor's Wife" (The Albatross Series, G W Dillingham, New York is not nearly as bad as it sounds a species of false pretence which is common enough in this class of books but it is bad enough It possesses enough of a dramatic interest of the thrilling sort to command the reader's attention, but the whole tone of the book is low and debasing The argument usually made is that the books paint vice in such a way as to make it unattractive, but this benefit if it exists is remedial rather than preventive, the dose might be of service to a morbid dipsomaniac, but is not palatable to the healthy With the exception of spelling Juana with two n's, which is a Spanish and French local variant it seems realistic, and the book is more free from objectionable features than many of the other works of the same author For sale by Q J Wellington

BRIEF NOTICES

The Century for February is a delightful number, particularly strong in its literary and artistic features The frontispiece is a fine portrait of Tennyson, and the accompanying article, a very suggestive and fruitful piece of criticism is by Henry Van Dyke One hardly knows whether to class Mr Thomas A Janvier's paper on "An Embassy to Provence" as geographical or purely literary Whichever way you look at it, it is a most charming bit, and whets one's appetite for the succeeding installments. The "Balcony Stories," by Grace King two of which are given here, are little gems The other short stories are "Goliath," by Thomas Bailey Aldrich, an amusing trifle "The Professor's Aberration, by Florence Watters Snedeker and "The Lustige, by Mrs Schuyler Van Rensselaer Mr Wolcott Balestier's "Benefits Forgot" contains some exciting episodes in this number Mrs Burton Harrison's Sweet Bells Out of Tune is far from exciting in fact it is very tiresome It may be realistic but it is stupid and decidedly not worth reading It is the one blot on an exceptionally good number

The Century has published so much against the Russian government and afflicted its readers for so long a time with the horrors of Mr George Kennan that it is a relief to find here a defense of Russia by Pierre Botkine Secretary of the Russian Legation in Washington The only fault to be found with the article is that it is too short We still like to hear from M Botkine again

As well as all the artistic features of the number are very strong Besides the illustrations there is a splendid paper on Franz Liszt by the French composer Camille Saint Saens John P Peters tells about the Imperial Museum at Constantinople in An Art Impetus in Turkey the Autobiography of Sarah Orne Jewett continued and Harry Morris Smith contributes to the Open Letters an exposition of How Poems May be Different Like Each Other Of the short stories one of the best pieces of romance published in the subject

Both as a whole travel and fiction the March Century is interesting, and James Temple Brown on Sunday Leaves from a Whaleman's Diary and continued Life in the Malay Peninsula by the Barrett both prettily illustrated The departments are good as usual The Century is an indispensable magazine for all who wish to know the best literature of the day

Of the periodicals for February the Atlantic is perhaps the most readable of its kind Its articles are all of a high order of merit and the Atlantic is a good place for a good story Harper's Bazar is full of good things for the fashionable woman Its illustrations are very good and its stories are good Scribner's Magazine is a good number of a good magazine Its illustrations are good and its stories are good Lippincott's Magazine is a good number of a good magazine Its illustrations are good and its stories are good The Forum is a good number of a good magazine Its articles are good and its illustrations are good The Cosmopolitan is a good number of a good magazine Its illustrations are good and its stories are good The Popular Science Monthly is a good number of a good magazine Its articles are good and its illustrations

OF THE FUTURE.

BILL NYE HAS A GLIMPSE OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY

Their Number Will Increase — George Westinghouse on the Development of Railway Speed — Attorney General Miller on Future Divorce Laws

The American Indians in 1993

Complete Matthews Dreams of a Great Empire

Food, Drugs and Drink

Attorney General Miller on Future Divorce Laws

[From Our Washington Correspondent.]

"The next 100 years," said Attorney General Miller, "will bring few changes in our federal government. We will be a rash man who should positively predict that conditions will not arise which might make a change of some radical nature imperative, but I can see no signs of such a necessity. In minor respects there will be changes and modifications, no doubt, such as are suggested by experience. In fact, some changes are already known to be desirable.

"A century hence I should expect to see the divorce laws of the country for instance much more harmonious than they are at the present time. But I believe our divorce laws will continue to be the exact merits of states and not of the federal congress. I am as much of a believer as any one in what is called centralization of power for certain purposes, but I cannot believe that divorce or regulation of divorce can be made to appear in any proper sense a national question. What is purely national should be left to the states.

"It is true that the lack of uniformity in the divorce laws of the states is at the present time a crying evil. It tempts to corruption and at best produces confusion in the courts and sometimes consternation in the marriage relations of individuals. Remedy for this will be found, I think, during the coming 100 years in perfection of the divorce laws of the states after what shall appear to be the best models. Instinctively and for the good of the people of the various state legislatures will adopt the statutes of those commonwealths which have secured best results, or at best imitate them.

"It is possible though I am not willing to say probable, that congress may promote the much desired homogeneity of divorce laws by some act designed to give greater force to that section of the constitution which provides that full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other state. It is from lack of such credit in some state courts to the acts of other state courts that much of the confusion in divorce matter proceeds. The constitution expressly thought necessary to apply a remedy in such striking 'And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved and the effect thereof.' Under this authority congress might and probably should make such law that would prevent the evils of which we think we have just cause to complain."

Electricity and Railway Speed

Cremation

Food, Drugs and Drink

THE NEW DRESS SUIT.

IT SATISFIES THE SWELLS, BUT IS NOT POPULAR.

[illegible]

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Feb 6. Still following the tendency of conservative and practical times, there continues that careful and judgment of the everyday attire which has marked its evolution for several years past until it has reached the apex of the highly respectable phase in men's garb. Highly respectable. That just describes the status of men's fashions at the present writing.

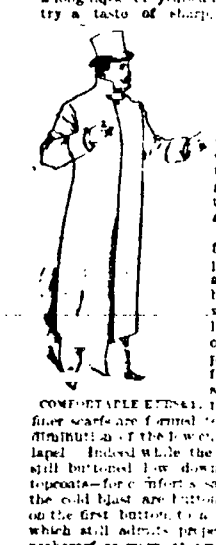
The clerk of the weather and the fashion editor seem to have joined hands after a long lapse of years and given the country a taste of sharp, cold winter and the long-tailed prince of tailors have been [illegible] to contribute their share to the comfort as well as style of the swells. The swells have taken to the idea of dressing warmer in the expression of sanction for the [illegible] which has been sent over by the tailors of the world, with a single exception, the elaborate stitching. This is the one feature that has not been finished through. The swallow tails are double breasted and the waistcoats are double breasted and the coat is worn open. The coat is worn open at the waist instead of the buttoned style which never had any significance since the side arm ceased to be worn at formal functions.

The overcoat of a marked fashion is one of the most striking drawbacks to its comfort. An undergraduate youth strolling down Broadway one day late in December wore a well trimmed Havana brown ulster for all it were double breasted overcoat of light brown kersey that was of the extreme fashion, and reached to his ankles. It was a [illegible] upon the long topcoat of the year, and the wearer was a candidate for derisive comment that must have made his ears tingle if he was the least susceptible to criticism.

There is a new rain coat that is the most distinguished garment of this type that has yet been offered. It is called the Carnarvan. It comes in black, blue and dark green, but the black is by all odds the more effective coat. The material is most pleasingly deceptive, having no appearance of oil or rubber as have the mackintoshes generally, and there is ventilation in plenty inasmuch as in the full cape, extending to the waist a la militaire, there are no sleeves, but armholes instead. The length is almost to the ankle, and the coat buttons single breasted down the front, as does also the cape when the storm is hard. There is a deep black velvet collar, giving a finish to the ensemble.

There are two recent English coats of that pronounced character in keeping with the formal garb that the fashionable man seems bent upon adopting. The Sandowne is a topcoat cut loose in front and shaped somewhat to the figure behind. It is made in dull finish fabrics and is of ample length, there being a wider range of coloring than in the regulation winter topcoats of smooth cloths. The front of the coat buttons single breasted to the waist line, showing four buttons, and falls thence like any loosely made fly front topcoat. The back view discloses more of a tendency to fit the figure, and has a decidedly frockish appearance in the suggestion of long tails extending from the waist line which are only indicated in plaits and do not open. They are full enough in skirt, however, to afford adequate stride room.

WILLIAM ADDISON CLARKE.



COMFORTABLE EVENING.

THE SANDOWNE.

THE CARNARVAN.

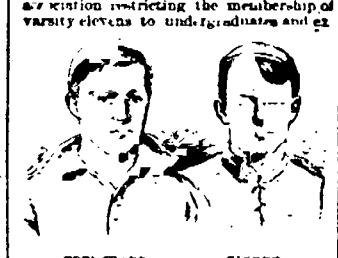
THE UNDERGRADUATE RULE FIGHT.

College Athletes Are In a State of Mind Over It Just Now.

College athletes are in a state of mind at present in regard to the proposed rule adopted by the Intercollegiate Football Association restricting the membership of varsity elevens to undergraduates and excluding all athletes in the graduate departments. The rule was indorsed by the various captains of the different athletic teams at Yale and Princeton, and it was proposed to extend it to all branches of athletics.

When the rule was adopted, the University of Pennsylvania men, who defeated Princeton last season, claimed that the move was a blow at their team, which is largely composed of graduates, and that the scheme was intended to drive them out of football just when their team was in winning form. Yale undergraduates were on the war path at once too, and at a mass meeting of students the rule was voted down. The Yale athletic managers threaten to resign, and the end is not yet.

Frank A. Hinkey is Yale's football captain for the coming season, and Thomas G. Fearnhead occupies the same post at Princeton. They both favor the undergraduate rule.

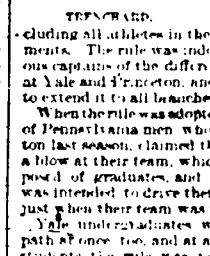


TRENCHARD. HINKEY.

Al Maneck, Chicago's New Pitcher.

One of the most promising colts signed for Captain Anson's Chicago Baseball club for next season is Al Maneck, a young Illinois player, who has been on the professional diamond for four seasons and has made considerable of a reputation as a pitcher. The best work of his career was done with the Birmingham club of the Southern league and it undoubtedly resulted in that team's winning the league pennant last season.

Maneck has also played with the Dubuque (Ills.) and Fond du Lac (Wis.) clubs. He is an athletic young man 23 years of age and is said to possess excellent judgment as well as the art of pitching well. He is 5 feet 10 inches tall and his playing weight is 170 pounds. Some baseball magnates declare that Captain Anson has secured a prize in young Maneck.



AL MANECK.

SPORTING NOTES.

Dagonet, the 4 year old colt that recently died of pneumonia at Gettenburg had lost $75 worth of stakes by the small margin of a neck or a head.

Edwin D. Morgan heads a new syndicate of metropolitan yachtsmen who will have built a second cup defender. The Herreshoffs have the contract.

Harry Jewett of the Detroit Athletic club was the champion sprinter of 1892. His time for the 100 yards was 10 seconds. He also clipped off the 1 furlong, and his time was 21 4-5 seconds.

M. F. Sweeney of the Nassau Athletic club, New York, holds the running high jump record, 5 ft. 11 in. at most, but he has cleared the high and feet 4 inches which is a world's record.

THE WOES OF OFFICE.

MR. CLEVELAND BEGINS TO REALIZE THEM BY ANTICIPATION.

[illegible] Pretty Office Seekers Will Come to the Office and Appeal to Mr. Cleveland's Office.

[Special Correspondence.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9. "Mr. Cleveland," said I to the president elect a few days ago, "not since Lincoln's first term has a president found awaiting him so many great and difficult public questions as will confront you when you go to Washington next month." "That may be true" replied Mr. Cleveland, "but it is not the big questions that I am afraid of. With the help of the many strong and able men at Washington we shall be able to dispose of these important matters satisfactorily to the people, I hope, if we are not harassed too much by the little questions. Nothing is so fatiguing as to be compelled to listen to arguments in favor of this man or that for some petty office while one is eager to take up some really important public matter."

SOME KNOTTY PROBLEMS.

Mr. Cleveland did not say so, but I inferred from what he did say that he has determined to suffer himself to be less annoyed by the office seekers than he was during his first term. The president elect has had enough experience in the White House to convince him that the day is at hand when some sort of a revolution must be effected in the methods of the presidential office. I have always contended that we have outgrown our system. Every president during the last 20 years has realized that. It is folly for the chief executive of this great nation, the controller of its policies and director of its affairs, to permit his mental and physical strength to be consumed by the minor offices and the hucksters in office.

I have a notion that Mr. Cleveland has determined to make an effort to effect during his coming administration some part of the change which has become an imperative necessity. He is in better position to do this than most of our presidents have been. He cannot aspire to another term. He is independent and to a certain extent self willed. He certainly has the courage to do whatever he thinks ought to be done.

Therefore I fancy Mr. Cleveland will do that which General Harrison is sorry he didn't do at the beginning of his term, and that is to turn over to his minister the [illegible] thousands of minor appointments. I predict that about two months hence, when the politicians want to see Mr. Cleveland about a small postmastership, they will be told to go the postmaster general. When they want to run into the White House and [illegible] collectorships, they will find the door barred and some one there to give them a hint that the secretary of the treasury is the man to settle that business.

Mr. Cleveland has been working almost as hard in his office in the Mills building, New York, as if he were already in the presidential chair. A foreign would have been astonished to find such surroundings and following such simple methods the man who was about to ascend the throne of one of the greatest nations of the earth. You go to Mr. Cleveland's office just as you would go to the office of any other practicing lawyer in New York.

In the hall is a derby, and by this derby stands a small but intelligent boy. He presents to you a blank on which you write your name, the name of the member of the firm you wish to see—for Mr. Cleveland has several partners—and the nature of your business. The boy takes this blank in and presently returns with word that "Mr. Cleveland will see you in a few minutes." When you are ushered in the room of the president elect, you find yourself in a very large apartment, at the farther end of which, behind a big desk, sits the man. He says, "How are you?" in a good, bluff American style, extends his hand, knocks some papers off a chair to make room for you and squares himself around for a nice, comfortable talk.

Mr. Cleveland has a way of closing his eyes for a moment while thinking how he shall turn a sentence, and when he is in the humor for it he is very dry and droll. He is a great at questions, too, and under his deft manipulation it did not take me long to tell how much or how little I knew. That's the way he treats every one. I am told—pumps them dry and gives up mighty little himself. And he could tell such interesting things if he wanted to!

Well, I told Mr. Cleveland I was sorry for him, and he wanted to know why. I said because he had taken such a hard job for the next four years. When you come to think of it, his task is a difficult one. I believe I was entirely right in saying that he has a harder row to hoe than any president has had since Lincoln.

To begin with, he has his administration to organize. He is the instrument which is to turn one political party out and put another in. Besides Cleveland himself, General Harrison is the only president since Lincoln who has had this to do, all the others succeeding presidents of their own political faith. Consider the magnitude of this undertaking for a moment, and you will see what a source of worry and work it is. There are the big bureau offices of the government, like pension commissioner, public printer, commissioner of patents, etc. There is a host of assistant secretaries and auditors. There are 50 or 60 important diplomatic posts to fill. There are no end of postmasterships, collectorships and pension agents.

For every office there are from a half dozen to a hundred aspirants. Every one has papers and letters for the president to read, every one has senators, representatives or other important persons to call on the president for him. All these aspirants are in a hurry, and all the senators and representatives are anxious to get their men to the front as quickly as possible. With them it is not "Come early and late and avoid the rush," but "Get in early or you'll never get in at all." All roads lead to the White House. Every possible avenue by which influence may be brought to bear is worn smooth. No one is satisfied to see the cabinet officer in whose department the business belongs. Your hustling, pushing American citizen always wants to go straight to headquarters.

Mr. Cleveland may try as much as he likes to save himself time and annoyance but he can only mitigate the evil, he cannot remove it. The system has grown up with the government, and it cannot be pull down in a day. If the president had 100 arms, 50 brains and as many stomachs and columns, and there were 2,400 business interests of 34 in the day, he would still be worked every night when he went to rest his pillow.

Many and many a time, I fancy, Mrs. Cleveland will find it necessary long after midnight to go to her husband's room and coax him off to bed in order to prevent him killing himself with overwork. She will have to do that when [illegible] of the office. Her and the [illegible] husband's energies were not nearly so great as they will be in a few weeks. The constant tendency against which Mr. Cleveland has to struggle in the performance of his duties as president is that against which every president who does not want to kill himself must contend—the habit of catching up at night with time lost during the day.

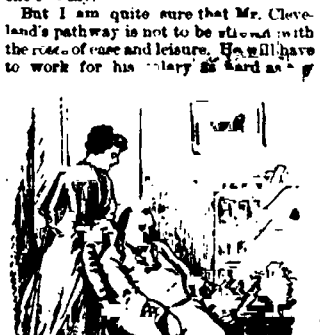
If a president spends all his hours of the day listening to callers, consulting with the members of his cabinet, dictating letters and attending to the routine of his office, when is he to find time for consideration of the questions of state which are ever demanding attention? When is he to study complex problems, look up authorities and records and "prepare his case" with care and deliberation, as a good lawyer loves to do? There is no time left but the night, and precedents, being mortal, cannot burn the candle at both ends and escape the penalties thereof any more than the rest of us. If Mrs. Cleveland does her duty in the next administration—and I think she will—she will watch Grover with a zealous eye and yank him off to bed at the first sign of overwork.

Mr. Cleveland will have much temptation to sit up with the midnight lamp. Look at the mighty questions already pressing forward and sure to harass him in the early days of his administration! There is the silver question, on which Mr. Cleveland has some positive views, and which, he thinks, must be settled immediately in order to avert danger of panic. There is the ever increasing friction with England arising from the Canadian, the seal and other fisheries, and now the Hawaiian questions. There is the Nicaragua canal matter, which may involve us in complications with several European powers, and of course the tariff question—now mixed up with the difficulty of finding enough revenue with which to carry on the government—must be speedily determined. These are only a few of many very important matters with which the new president must deal. What new questions fully as important and possibly more portentous if foreign war may arise at any moment no one can say.

But I am quite sure that Mr. Cleveland's pathway is not to be strewed with the roses of ease and leisure. He will have to work for his salary as hard as any man in the country works for his. He will try to do more than he should do, he will fail to exercise, he will have his soul harrowed up, his digestion will deteriorate, and he will miss half the fun of being a free and independent American citizen.

Poor Grover! I am sorry for him and would not exchange my job for his. I would rather write then be president.

WALTER WELLMAN.



A TIRED PRESIDENT.

Odd Jobs a Specialty.

The latest thing devised to lighten the labor of living and the cares of a household is a corporation known as the Odd Job and Tinkering company, limited. The parent office of the concern is naturally enough in New York but according to its prospectus it has, or will have, subsidiary companies in all the large cities.

It is a charming idea—this odd job company—and the man who originated the scheme deserves a vote of thanks for his ingenuity. Though limited in its liabilities, its scope of usefulness is not curtailed, but is as limitless as human wants may necessitate.

If Mary takes it into her head to visit her cousin on wash day and remains absent for a week, a postal card to the odd job company at once brings a substitute who will perform all the multitudinous duties of the "down stairs girl" with expedition and dispatch. And so it goes on through every department of the household.

"You send a postal card," says the advertisement calling attention to the company, "and we will do the rest." This reminder, as further specified, includes housecleaning, painting, mason and locksmithing work, clerical work and miscellaneous work, and other things too numerous to mention, but all of the greatest importance in the economy of living in a well appointed house.—New York Herald.

Big Pay for Little Work.

The number of accidents which have befallen the big steamship lines have been surprisingly few. When mishaps have occurred large sums have been awarded for comparatively trivial services, such as towing for a day or two.

The Hamburg-American liner Suevia, from New York to Hamburg, broke her shaft off the Irish coast on Jan. 27, 1893, and was towed into Queenstown harbor by the tramp steamship Istrian bound from Boston to Liverpool. The Istrian was awarded $23,250 salvage.

The passenger steamship City of Richmond from Liverpool to New York, was disabled at sea in November, 1892. She was taken into Halifax harbor by the tramp steamship Circassia, a service involving fifty four hours of towing. The salvage was adjudged by the British admiralty court at $35,000.—New York Evening Sun.

Oddities About Men's Weight.

Professor Huxley declares that the proper weight of man is 154 pounds made up as follows: Muscles and their appurtenances, 65 pounds; skeleton, 24 pounds; skin, 10½ pounds; fat, 25 pounds; brain, 3 pounds; abdominal viscera, 11 pounds; blood (that which would drain from the body), 7 pounds. The heart of such a man should beat 75 times in a minute, and he should breathe 15 times during each minute. At that rate in 24 hours he would vitiate 1,728 cubic feet of pure air to the extent of 1 per cent. In the same length of time he should throw off through the skin 18 ounces of water, 300 grains of solid matter and 400 grains of carbonic acid.—Philadelphia Press.

Indians and Japanese.

The Indians of the interior have nothing in common with those of the eastern coast. They lack the small features, almond eyes, coarse heavy black hair, short stature and timidity that mark the coast Indian as a native from Japan.

A CENTURY'S GROWTH.

PLENTY OF PRECEDENTS FOR THE ANNEXATION OF HAWAII.

Uncle Sam Has Acquired a Good Deal of Territory Since the Days of Washington—Florida, Texas, California, New Mexico and Alaska.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Whatever differences of opinion there may be as to the wisdom of taking the Sandwich Islands under Uncle Sam's wing, there are plenty of precedents for the acquisition of foreign territory by the United States and for the government of extra territorial possessions. The area acquired by the United States since Great Britain acknowledged the independence of her revolted colonies vastly exceeds that of the 13 original states, and the acquisitions have been made in a variety of ways.

Louisiana was purchased from France in 1803 for $15,000,000. It then included the Mississippi river from source to mouth and a territory extending indefinitely westward. It was believed also to include much of what now constitutes the state of Texas. In 1819 however by a treaty with Spain, provision was made for the purchase of Florida and the relinquishment of all claims to the Texan territory. The price paid for Florida was $5,000,000.

The next important acquisition was that of Texas, and this presents a nearer parallel to the case of the Sandwich Islands than any other territorial acquisition of the United States. The south was never content with that portion of the Spanish treaty of 1819 which gave up our claim of the Texan region as part of the Louisiana purchase, and the talk of annexation never ceased. The fact that the coveted region became part of a sister republic did not alter the situation, and the Mexican territory immediately west of Louisiana was rapidly settled by citizens of the United States.

In due time the region revolted from Mexico and set up for itself as the Republic of Texas, with Sam Houston as president. This made annexation more than ever a burning question, and when Texas finally asked to be admitted into the Union as a state her request was granted. This was late in 1846. The war with Mexico followed, and as a result we acquired New Mexico and California. Shortly afterward we paid Mexico $10,000,000 for part of the same region known as the Gadsden purchase. California soon came in as a state, and the rest of the newly acquired region was made into territories.

For nearly 20 years after all this, the United States acquired no new territory, but in 1867 Alaska, with 580,000 square miles, or about one-fifth the area of the United States as then existing, was acquired from Russia. The price was $7,200,000 at the time thought large. But this, like every other purchase of territory by the United States, has proved literally and figuratively dirt cheap, for already the royalty paid to the government for the privilege of seal catching has equaled the purchase price. Alaska was taken in neither as a state nor a territory, but was governed from Washington with difficulty.

This purchase was the first in which the territory acquired was not immediately adjacent to some part of the possessions of the United States. As a matter of fact, the nearest part of Alaska is much farther from the nearest point in the United States territory than the Sandwich Islands are from the extreme southwestern coast of California.

The case of the Sandwich Islands is like that of Texas in that the request for admission may be traced to the presence in the islands of Americans with important business and political interests. It is like that of Alaska from the fact that the islands are widely separated from American territory and have a native population different in race and traditions from the mass of Americans and a considerable body of European aliens.

Should the islands be denied admission as a state, or even as a territory, and not governed as Alaska long was, as a piece of government property, there is still precedent for another form of extra territorial jurisdiction, though this form is hardly applicable to a populous region with an organized government. According to a federal law, guano islands discovered by citizens of the United States and not under the jurisdiction of any other country may be considered as appertaining to the United States. Under this curious provision of law we now exercise jurisdiction over the island of Navassa, a spot in the ocean off the coast of Hayti.

The situation of Navassa is one of the anomalies of territorial jurisdiction. The island is named in the constitution of Hayti as part of that republic, but its whole population is made up of persons employed by a guano digging company chartered in the United States under the laws of Maryland. Hayti exercises no jurisdiction over it, and when a murder was committed on Navassa not many years ago the accused were brought to this country after having been seized by officers and sailors of a United States man-of-war and tried in the United States court at Baltimore.

The United States government also exercises a sort of jurisdiction over the harbor of Pago Pago in the Samoan group, not very far from the Sandwich Islands. We long ago acquired by treaty the right to establish a coaling station at Pago Pago. We should have acquired a few years ago a similar interest in the Haytian harbor of St. Nicholas Mole but for the scruples of Admiral Gherardi, who was unwilling to seize the place by military force, though it was pretty clear that the state department would have been glad to have him do so if he would only act without awaiting direct orders from Washington.

Perhaps the most tenuous, delicate and interesting extra territorial jurisdiction exercised by the United States is that over the Panama railroad. We stand pledged to the Colombian republic and the civilized world to maintain, by force of arms if necessary, the passage of trains across the isthmus. Accordingly, when Colon was burned by revolutionists a few years ago and the passage of the isthmus was interrupted our admiral landed a few hundred blue jackets, took possession of the town, relaid the place to order, ran an armed train across the isthmus and maintained regular communication. We also fed the ragged and starving Colombian army and captured two of the most conspicuous revolutionists. When these rebels were turned over to the Colombian authorities the latter informed our naval officers that the prisoners would be tried next morning, and in the same breath naively invited the Americans to the hanging in the afternoon. The courtesy of the invitation came off in accordance with the terms of this invitation.

Should the Sandwich Islands come in they will constitute our most southern, though not our most western, possession, since some of the Alaskan territory extends some degrees farther west. The Sandwich group is in almost exactly the same latitude as Cuba and a little south of the southern extremity of Florida. Half a dozen states are smaller in area than the islands, and Nevada is smaller in population.

E. N. VALENTINE.

The cost of [illegible] that [illegible] with Dr. [illegible] Restorative [illegible] nervous [illegible] and [illegible] nervous [illegible] and [illegible] Restorative [illegible] tone [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] partially [illegible] and [illegible] for the [illegible]

In the [illegible] and other [illegible] regularity [illegible] Restorative [illegible] Have [illegible] Restorative [illegible] Can you [illegible]

The easiest way [illegible] the liver [illegible] Pleasant [illegible] Restorative [illegible] throughout [illegible]

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

COLORADO SPRINGS [illegible]

DEPARTURES

No. 4	Atlantic Coast Express	[illegible]
No. 2	Transcontinental Limited	[illegible]
No. 5	Colorado and New Mexico Through Express	[illegible]
No. 12	St. Louis and Kansas City Express	[illegible]
No. 8	Salida and Denver Passenger	[illegible]

SOUTHBOUND

No. 1	California Fast Mail	[illegible]
No. 11	Denver, Salida and El Paso Express	[illegible]
No. 3	Denver and Pueblo Passenger	[illegible]
No. 7	Trans Continental Express	[illegible]
No. 5	Colorado and New Mexico Through Express	[illegible]

MANITOU BRANCH.

To Manitou		From Manitou	
No. 33	[illegible]	No. 34	[illegible]
No. 35	1.35 am	No. 36	[illegible]
No. 37	4.05 pm	No. 38	[illegible]
No. 39	7.00 pm	No. 40	[illegible]

Through tickets for sale to all points of interest at the depot and No. 16 North Tejon street. Parties can select their own routes. Baggage checked to destination. Excellent palace sleepers. Chair cars free.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ELLISON, General Agent, 16 North Tejon st.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE DEPOT, Dec. 1, 1892.

From West—North-bound.	Arrives	Leaves.
No. 2. Ogden to Denver	3.35 am	3.40 am
No. 4 Ogden to Denver	[illegible] pm	[illegible] pm
No. 6. From Divide	1.45 pm	
West-bound.		
No. 1. Denver to Ogden	10.05 am	10.25 am
No. 3. Denver to Ogden	10.45 pm	[illegible]

Stages for Cripple Creek connect with trains Nos. 3 and 1 at Divide.

Through tickets to Cripple Creek on sale at Santa Fe depot, Tejon Street depot, and C. O. office, in Opera House block. C. HOYT, Commercial Agent.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE R. R.

Nov. 27, 1892.

North-bound	Arrives	Leaves
No. 7 Kansas City to Denver	2.00 am	2.05 am
No. 403 Ogden to Denver	5.35 am	5.40 am
No. 5 Chicago to Denver	8.00 am	8.05 am
No. 451 La Junta to Denver	3.15 pm	3.20 pm
No. 201 Ogden to Denver	8.57 pm	9.05 pm
South and West-bound.		
No. 8 Denver to Kansas City	2.05 am	2.10 am
No. 402 Denver to Ogden	10.45 am	10.55 am
No. [illegible] Denver to La Junta	6.25 pm	6.30 pm
No. 6 Denver to Chicago	9.05 pm	9.15 pm
No. 404 Denver to Ogden	10.45 pm	10.55 pm

Trains Nos. 5 and 6 are solid vestibule trains between Denver and Chicago without change. Carry Pullman Palace sleepers, parlor, library, smoking, chair cars and dining cars. Connect at La Junta for Santa Fe, New Mexico and California, and at Barstow, Kan., with train from St. Louis via St. Louis and San Francisco railway, and at Newton, Kan., for Galveston, Tex.

Trains Nos. 7 and 8 run through between Denver and Kansas City.

Trains Nos. 401, 402 and 404 run through between Denver and all points on the Colorado Midland, and have Pullman sleeping accommodations between Denver and Ogden, connecting at the latter point with trains to and from California.

Trains 401 and 402, the well known Nellie Bly trains running between Denver and La Junta, carry first parlor cars and make close connections at Pueblo to and from Canon City, and at La Junta connect with trains to and from the east and south.

For tickets or information call at city offices, 16 N. Tejon st. C. C. HOYT, Commercial Agent.

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE

[illegible]

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE

[illegible]

CHEAP RATES FOR A WINTER TRIP VIA SANTA FE ROUTE

To Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Utah and Old Mexico are offered by the Santa Fe. Tickets now on sale good until June 15, with exclusive tourist limit in each direction to each passenger. Stop off at all points en route. Lists of destinations include Corpus Christi, El Paso, Galveston, Houston, Lampasas, Los Angeles, Phoenix, Prescott, Saltillo, San Diego, San Francisco, Salt Lake and Portland.

New Mexico is noted as having one of the most desirable climates in the world, sudden changes being almost wholly unknown. It is a most desirable place for the business man, a resort for the invalid, while it is the home for the homeseeker. No portion of the United States can compare with the fertile valleys of this territory in the production of the cereals, the vegetable garden, the orchard and the vineyard.

Inquiries are regarding the country [illegible] call on or address [illegible] Agent or Geo. T. Nicholson, G. P. & T. A., Topeka, Kans. W. J. Black, A. G. P. & T. A., Ticket office No. 18 N. Tejon st.

MOBILE MARDI GRAS, NEW ORLEANS

The Santa Fe will sell tickets to these festivities [illegible] lowest first-class fare for the round trip. Continuous passage in each direction. Final limit March 15th. Apply to C. HOYT, Commercial Agent, 18 N. Tejon st.

SANTA FE ROUTE TO DENVER.

If you are going to Denver, you may just as well avail yourself of the Santa Fe route limited vestibule train, leaving at 8.05 a. m., or the parlor chair car train at 3.20 p. m., and thus enjoy the best there is and make the trip with the most comfort and ease. Returning you may have choice of trains at 1.35 p. m., 6.00 p. m. and [illegible] a. m.

COLORADO MIDLAND.

CRIPPLE CREEK A GREAT SUCCESS.

The success of Cripple Creek as a great gold mining district is now assured beyond question. The dead work has been done on a large number of claims, and many mines are on pay ore. Travel over the camp continues unabated, an average of fifty people going in daily. The Colorado Midland has 400 men employed in completing the extension into the camp, and as soon as the branch line is in operation, a new impetus will be given to the camp. The route into Cripple Creek is via the Midland Railway to Divide station, and thence by Hundley's stage line into Fremont, the center of the district. This is the only quick and feasible route to reach Cripple Creek.

ROCK ISLAND.

HAPPY NEW YEAR!

The management of the Great Rock Island Route extend to all their patrons for the New Year and desire to extend thanks for the liberal patronage enjoyed by us during the past year and to speak a continuance of the same.

We shall endeavor as in the past to merit this by giving you the best train service and polite attention from all employes.

In this connection we wish to state that we have recently put on a complete new line of sleepers between Colorado Springs and Chicago, and that the entire train is composed of the finest equipment that is obtainable.

The trains are all steam heated throughout and every meal en route is served in our own magnificent dining cars. Very truly

W. W. WOOD, Ticket and Passenger Agent, 12 Pike's Peak Ave.

180 MINUTES.

This is the time actually consumed every day between Colorado Springs and Denver by the popular Rock Island flyers.

COLORADO SPRINGS DENVER FAST LINE.

Is the popular Rock Island flyers, leaving Colorado Springs 9.30 a. m. and 3.20 p. m., arriving Denver 11.20 a. m. and 5.50 p. m. Leave Denver 8.45 a. m. and 3.45 p. m., arriving Colorado Springs 11.05 a. m. and 6.15 p. m. These trains are made up at Colorado Springs, and are always on time and always clean.

A SURE THING.

The best smoothest cleanest quickest trains that run between Colorado Springs and Denver are those run by the Rock Island.

ROCK ISLAND

Is the best line east. Solid through trains to Omaha, Council Bluffs, Des Moines, Rock Island, Davenport, Topeka, Kansas City and Chicago. Close connections at all above points with all lines diverging. W. W. WOOD, Ticket and Passenger Agent, 12 Pike's Peak Ave. Telephone 97.

FINE PLAYING CARDS.

Send ten cents in stamps to John Sebastian, General Ticket and Pass. Agt. C. R. I. & P. Ry., Chicago, for a pack of the "Rock Island" Playing Cards. They are acknowledged the best and worth five times the cost. Send money order or postage stamps, 10c., and will send a pack by return mail, prepaid.

Also for sale at City Ticket Office, 12 Pike's Peak Ave.

WINTER TOURIST RATES

The great Rock Island route has a special winter tourist rate to Los Angeles, San Diego and South coast. These are first class tickets and are very low. Inquire of any agent, or address the undersigned. W. W. WOOD, Ticket and Passenger Agent, 12 Pike's Peak Ave. Telephone 97.

MISSOURI PACIFIC

IN PULLMAN'S FINEST

A daily service via Missouri Pacific Railway from Denver or Pueblo to Kansas City, St. Louis and points east, can be made by choice Pullman buffet sleeping cars and free reclining chair cars. For further information address W. A. DRIPPS, W. P. A., Denver, Colo.

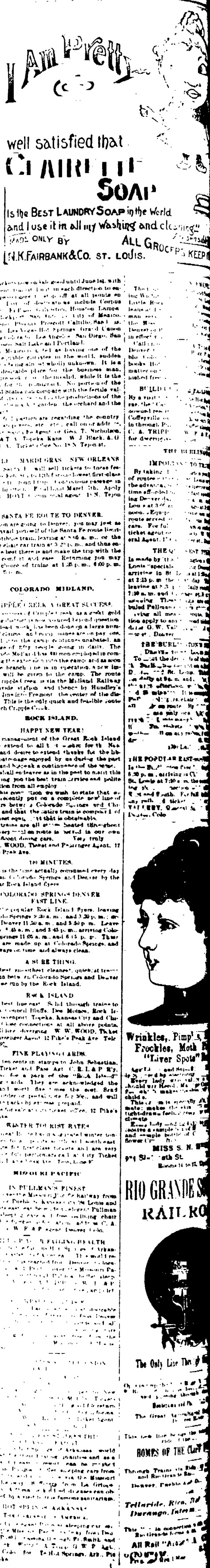
[illegible] BREATHING HEALTH

[illegible] Springs, Arkansas. The world renowned resort for Denver visitors. [illegible] over the Missouri Pacific. Pullman buffet sleepers. [illegible] W. W. WOOD, T. P. A., Denver, Colo.

[illegible] ARKANSAS

[illegible] Arkansas would [illegible] and as a health resort [illegible] sleeping cars from Kansas City [illegible] via the Missouri Pacific Railway. [illegible] from La Grippe, Influenza, Asthma and all diseases can obtain relief by a visit to the famous sanitarium.

HOT SPRINGS ARKANSAS

THE GRAND ESTABLISHMENT

Reached by through Pullman sleeping car service via the Missouri Pacific Railway from Denver and Pueblo, leaving Denver at [illegible] and Pueblo [illegible] Ft. Smith and Little Rock. [illegible] Ticket Agent, Denver, Colo.